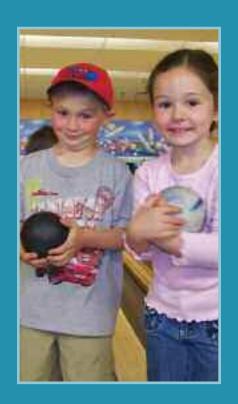


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2013

Maine's only comprehensive report of the physical, social, economic and educational well-being of Maine children





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This research was funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation. We thank them for their support but acknowledge that the findings and conclusions presented in this report are those of the Maine Children's Alliance, alone, and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the Foundation.

## Introduction

In the 19th annual Maine KIDS COUNT Data Book, more than 100 indicators are used to track the well-being of Maine's children. Progress and areas of concern are documented to help Mainers understand how the state can improve the lives of children and their families through sound public policies and collaborative community action.

Maine's stagnant economy continues to negatively affect the youngest among us the most, with one in four children under age 5 now living in poverty. All modern science says that the best way for us to ensure a bright future for our children is to provide them with healthy, nurturing experiences that will literally build the brain's architecture during the early years. Investing in children creates healthier, more productive citizens and can lead to a stronger Maine economy as well.

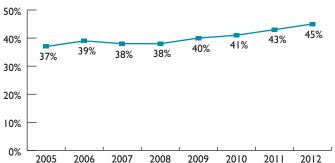
Housing and stable adequate income have an influence on a young child's cognitive, social-emotional and physical wellbeing<sup>i</sup>. When children's basic needs are unmet, the risk of negative outcomes significantly increases. And so at MCA we are concerned to see in this year's KIDS COUNT data that as Maine's children are getting poorer, they are receiving less economic support to help them through their financial hardships.

Many young children are living in households where incomes are not keeping up with the costs of raising a family. In 2010, Maine's livable wage (the income needed for a family of three to meet their basic needs of rent, food, child care and health insurance) was \$45,427". In 2012, approximately 45 percent of Maine children (116,000) lived in a low income family. For a family of three (one parent, two children), that's an income of less than \$36,996, well below the aforementioned livable wage.

During this time when more Maine families are struggling to make ends meet, 8,629 children lost their Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits – the result of Maine's Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) implementation of a strict 60 month life time limit on the receipt of benefits and a stricter sanction policy. What happened to these children? We do know that 4,000 more Maine children lived in poverty in 2012 than in 2011<sup>iii</sup>. And, according to DHHS, some of their parents found work (although ME's unemployment rate remained relatively unchanged between 2011 and 2012), some moved in with relatives or friends, while others relied upon General Assistance.

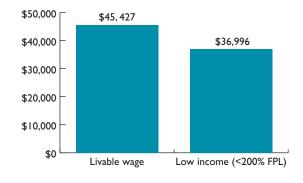
Lost in the political debates going on in Augusta and Washington, DC is the science and data that demonstrates that if we want Maine to have a prosperous future, we need strong, healthy children who can lead tomorrow's communities. Cutting children off of economic supports that keep them above the poverty line is not investing in Maine's future. MCA hopes that decision makers, community leaders, educators, business leaders and concerned citizens use the KIDS COUNT data to pinpoint areas of concern and then work hard to find solutions that address the growing needs of our children. Maine kids may be 20 percent of our current population, but they are 100 percent of Maine's future.

## MAINE CHILDREN LIVING IN LOW-INCOME FAMILIES 2005-2012



#### LIVABLE WAGE VS. LOW-INCOME

for a family of three (I parent, 2 children)



- i Duncan, G. & Magnuson, K. "The Long Reach of Early Childhood Poverty." Pathways, Winter 2011, Stanford Center for the Study of Poverty and Inequality, Stanford University, CA.
- ii Maine Department of Labor, 2010 Livable Wage
- iii KIDS COUNT Data Center: http://datacenter.kidscount.org

## What is Maine KIDS COUNT?

Maine KIDS COUNT, a project of the Maine Children's Alliance, is part of the national KIDS COUNT network, a state-by-state effort funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation (AECF) to track the status of children across the United States. Since 1994, the Maine KIDS COUNT project has published the annual Maine KIDS COUNT data book using the most recent data available on the well-being of children in the areas of physical and emotional health, social and economic status, and child care and education. The indicators for this data book have all met the following criteria for inclusion:

The indicator must be from a reliable source The indicator must be available and consistent over time The indicator must be easily understandable to the public The indicator must reflect an important outcome or measure of children's well-being The indicators, as a group, should represent children of all ages

The Annie E. Casey Foundation has an extensive KIDS COUNT Data Center (http://datacenter.kidscount.org) which provides access to hundreds of measures of child well-being. Visitors can find indicators on such topics as education, employment and income, health, poverty and youth risk factors. Each state KIDS COUNT grantee provides community level information in the Data Center. Maine's site (http://datacenter.kidscount.org/ME) provides county-level data on most of the indicators from the Maine KIDS COUNT data book, as well as some additional indicators. These indicators can be displayed in a number of report formats including:

PROFILES – detailed information about Maine or any Maine county GRAPHS – indicators graphed over time for one or more Maine counties MAPS – color-coded maps of Maine counties for selected indicators RANKINGS - all of the counties within Maine ranked according to an indicator RAW DATA - delimited text files containing Maine data for your own offline use

The graphs, maps and rankings created on Maine's Data Center site can be easily shared as images on a web site or blog, posted on social networking sites, or emailed as an attachment. The Data Center offers multiple ways to customize and share information, including a mobile site that you can access on the go (mobile.kidscount.org).

With a few keystrokes or clicks of a mouse, advocates, journalists, policymakers, practitioners, and all concerned citizens can find data for planning, preparing reports, crafting policies, or identifying and addressing needs in their communities.

#### New User Experience. Same Trusted Data.



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## How to Use This Book

In order to assess our present standing and to evaluate our progress over time, it is essential to understand what is being measured and how. The DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES OF DATA section, in the back of the book, provides a comprehensive definition of each indicator, an explanation of how and by whom it is collected and measured, as well as web addresses with direct links to data and data sources. Some of the data presented are from several years earlier, as those indicators require a longer time to compile. Furthermore, from time to time, various reporting agencies change how they collect, analyze and/or report their various indicators. We note those changes where appropriate.

For every indicator in the book we report a current percentage or rate, a previous percentage or rate, and whenever available, a number.\* It is essential to present the indicators as percents or rates in order to enable comparison between groups of different population size (i.e., different counties).

#### **CALCULATING RATES**

Percentages and rates are measures of the probability of an event. They both take into account the total population of children who could experience that event. Whenever possible, the denominator (the population that could experience the event) corresponds to the year for which the event is reported; but when that is not possible, we use the most recent year for which population data are available. Rates that include a "%" sign are percents, or rates per 100 events. Other rates are expressed per 1,000, 10,000, or 100,000 events. The generic formula for calculating rates or percents is:

 $\frac{\text{(number of occurrences)} \times \text{(base rate)}}{\text{population}}$ 

For example, in 2011 there were 4,046 substantiated child abuse and neglect victims under age 18 in the state of Maine. According to the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 274,533 children ages 0-17 in Maine. This translates to a rate of 14.7 child abuse and neglect victims for every 1,000 children ages 0-17. This rate is calculated as follows:

 $\frac{\text{(4,046 substantitated child abuse and neglect victims)} \times \text{(1000)}}{274,533 \text{ children ages } 10\text{-}17} = 14.7$ 

#### **ACRONYMS USED IN THE DATA BOOK:**

ADD = Attention Deficit Disorder

ADHD = Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder

BMI = Body Mass Index

CHIP = Children's Health Insurance Program

CPI = Consumer Price Index

DHHS = Department of Health and Human Services

DOE = Department of Education

DOL = Department of Labor

ESL = English as a Second Language

FFY = Federal Fiscal Year

FPL = Federal Poverty Level

NAEP = National Assessment of Educational Progress

SFY = State Fiscal Year

SNAP = Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

TANF = Temporary Aid to Needy Families

WIC = Women, Infants and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program

YRBSS = Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System

<sup>\*</sup> When a number is not available or not applicable, n/a is used.

## Indicators at a Glance

#### **EARLY CHILDHOOD**

#### **POVERTY**: Page 15

In 2011, 15,848 (24.2%) of Maine children under age 5 were living in poverty, up from 15,752 (23.5%) in 2010.

#### **DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING:** Page 8

Approximately 27.3 percent of children ages 10 months to 5 years received a developmental screening during a well-child visit in 2011, up from 21.5 percent in 2007.

#### **PUBLIC PRESCHOOL ENROLLMENT**: Page 19

There were 4,769 children enrolled in Maine Public Preschool Programs, serving almost one-third of the state's four year olds.

#### **QUALITY CHILD CARE**: Page 19

Of the 2,008 licensed child care providers in the state of Maine, 161 (8 percent) meet the highest standard (Step 4) in Maine's early care and education quality rating system, Quality for ME.

#### **SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN**

#### **HEALTH INSURANCE**: Page 7

The percentage of Maine's children age 0-18 without health insurance remained at 5%, well below the national rate of 10%. Of the 14,000 children in the state of Maine without health insurance, 6,000 are in low income families (at or below 200% FPL) that are eligible for MaineCare.

#### **ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCE**: Page 8

One in four Maine children experienced two or more of the following adverse experiences: socioeconomic hardship, divorce/separation of parent, death of parent, parent served time in jail, witness to domestic violence, victim of neighborhood violence, lived with someone who was mentally ill or suicidal, lived with someone with alcohol/drug problem, treated or judged unfairly due to race/ethnicity.

#### **SPECIAL EDUCATION**: Page 21

In 2011-12, 15.6 percent of Maine public school students had special needs, down from 17.0 percent the previous school year. The majority of students with special needs are in a regular classroom setting for at least 40 percent of the school day.

#### **ADOLESCENTS AND YOUNG ADULTS**

#### **ADOLESCENT HEALTH AND SAFETY: Page 11**

In 2013, Maine's Family Planning System served 950 fewer adolescents than the previous year. The rate of youth being served went from 73.7 to 62.7 per 1,000 adolescents ages 15-19.

#### YOUTH RISK BEHAVIORS: Page 12

Between 2009 and 2011, there has been a decrease in the percentage of high school students who report using alcohol and cigarettes. However, the percentage of students who report using marijuana remained steady.

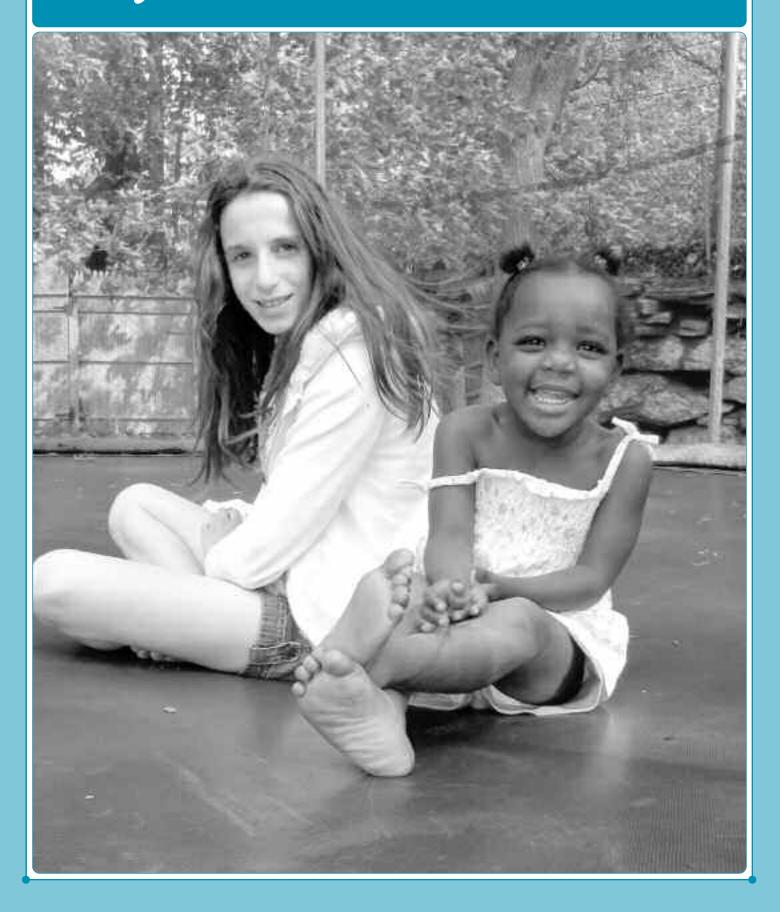
#### **COLLEGE ENROLLMENT**: Page 20

The percentage of young adults ages 18-24 enrolled in or completed college has increased significantly over the last decade: 32 percent in 2000 vs. 49 percent in 2011

MAINE KIDS COUNT 2013 5



# Physical and Mental Health

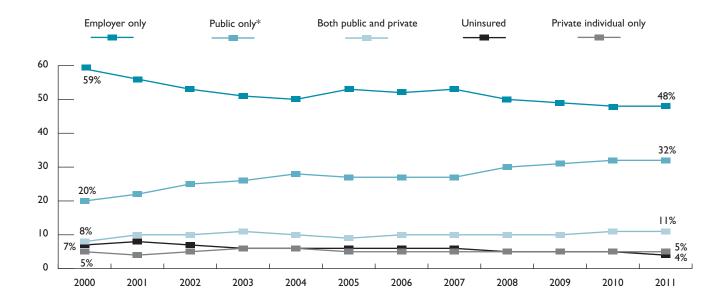


HEALTH INSURANCE		MAINE			
	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Children without health insurance, 2009-2011, (as % of children ages 0-18)	14,000	5%	5%	10%	
Low-income children without health insurance, 2009-2011 (as % of low-income children ages 0-18)	6,000	6%	6%	15%	
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 (as % of children ages 0-18)	140,606	48.0%	49.3%	n/a	
Young children ages 0-5 (as % of children ages 0-5)	46,968	55.7%	58.1%	n/a	
Older children ages 6-18 (as % of children ages 6-18)	93,638	44.9%	45.7%	n/a	

#### MAINE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE BY TYPE

Children under 18, 2000-2011

Source: Annie E. Casey Foundation, KIDs Count Data Center, datacenter. kidscount.org



Health insurance can make a lasting difference in children's lives. Children with insurance are more likely to have a stable source of health care and have access to preventative care.\* Research demonstrates that uninsured children are more likely to go without needed care and to experience worse health outcomes than children with coverage.\*\* Low income children gain access to health care through Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). MaineCare, Maine's Medicaid/CHIP health insurance program, is available to children and families who qualify based on family income. In addition, MaineCare covers children who are in need of medical assistance based on a disability, are in foster care or are receiving an adoption subsidy.

#### In Maine:

Ninety-five percent of Maine children ages 18 years and younger have health insurance. Low income children who are eligible for MaineCare represent 43 percent of Maine's uninsured children. As the percentage of Maine children with employer-based insurance coverage degreased over the last decade, the percentage of children with public insurance increased.

<sup>\*</sup> Bloom B, Cohen RA, Freeman G. Summary health statistics for U.S. children: National Health Interview Survey, 2011. National Center for Health Statistics. Vital Health Stat 10(254).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured. The Uninsured: Key Facts About Americans without Health Insurance. Washington, DC (2012).

DIIVOIGAL LIEALTII		MAINE			
PHYSICAL HEALTH	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009 (as % of live births)	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	n/a	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009 (as % of live births)	852	6.3%	6.7%	8.2%	
Pre-term births, 2009 (as % of live births)	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	12.2%	
Immunizations of children ages 19-35 months, 2012 (as % of children ages 19-35 months)	n/a	72.6%	69.0%	68.5%	
Children who received care within a medical home, 2011 (as % of children ages 0-17)	164,307	63.4%	65.5%	54.4%	
Children who received developmental screenings during well-child visit, 2011 (as % of children age 10 month-5 years)	17,935	27.3%	21.5%	30.8%	
Children who received preventative dental care, 2011 (as % of children ages 1-17)	204,166	80.5%	80.9%	77.2%	
Children who are overweight, BMI in 85th-94th percentile, 2011 (as % of children of children ages 10-17)	20,760	17.0%	15.3%	15.6%	
Children who are obese, BMI at 95th percentile or above, 2011 (as % of children ages 10-17)	15,304	12.5%	12.9%	15.7%	
Children who engaged in vigorous physical activity everyday, 2011 (as % of children ages 6-17)	59,386	32.0%	32.7%	28.09%	

MORTALITY		NATIONAL		
MORTALITY	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Infant mortality, 2005-2009 annual average (rate per 1,000 live births)	85	6.1	6.1	6.8
Child deaths 2003-2007 annual average (rate per 10,000 children ages 1-14)	39	1.9	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths 2003-2007 annual average (rate per 10,000 children ages 15-19)	55	6.0	6.0	6.2

MENTAL HEALTH		NATIONAL		
MENTAL HEALTH	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children who experienced two or more adverse experiences, 2011 (as % of children ages 0-17)	66,832	25.1%	n/a	22.6%
Children with emotional, developmental, or behavioral problems for which they needed treatment or counseling, 2007 (as % of children ages 0-17)	20,562	7.2%	7.9%	5.9%
Children who have been told by a doctor that they have:				
ADD or ADHD, 2011 (as % of children 2-17)	27,641	11.4%	8.3%	9.7%
Depression, 2011 (as % of children 2-17)	15,443	6.3%	5.3%	3.8%
Anxiety, 2011 (as % of children 2-17)	23,963	9.8%	8.0%	5.0%
Behavior or conduct problems, 2011 (as % of children ages 2-17)	10,412	4.3%	4.2%	4.1%
Children whose parents have at least one concern about child's physical, behavioral or social development, 2011 (as % of children ages 0-5)	28,189	36.6%	32.2%	40.1%
Children who did not receive needed mental health services, 2011 (as % of children ages 2-17)	6,723	22.2%	29.2%	39.0%
Outpatient hospital visits for mental health/substance abuse diagnoses, 2011 (rate per 1,000 children ages 0-19)	68,670	220.8	197.9	n/a
Outpatient hospital visits for attempted suicide, 2011 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-19)	732	4.4	5.2	n/a
Children ages 10-14 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-14)	167	2.1	2.1	n/a
Children ages 15-19 (rate per 1,000 children ages 15-19)	565	6.8	8.5	n/a

Children's behavior at home and school, their academic performance, and their ability to participate in community life is directly influenced by their mental health.\* Alcohol abuse by adolescents has been linked to emotional and behavior problems,\*\* and illicit drug abuse has been linked to an increased risk of suicide.\*\*\* Nationally and in Maine, suicide rates increase dramatically from early adolescence to young adulthood. Adolescents and young adults considering suicide often face problems at home or in school that are out of their control or seem overwhelming. Examples of some of these problems include economic crisis, parental divorce, alcoholism, sexual abuse, bullying, and difficulties dealing with sexual orientation.\*\*\*\*

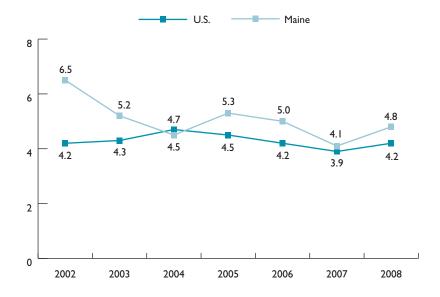
#### In Maine:

In 2011 there were 68,670 outpatient hospital visits by Maine children ages 0-19 with a principal diagnosis of mental health or substance abuse, up from 61,543 visits in 2010. Maine's child and teen suicide rate decreased 26 percent between 2002 and 2008, going from 6.5 to 4.8 suicides per 100,000 children ages 10 to 19. The U.S. suicide rate remained relatively unchanged during the same time period.

#### **CHILD AND TEEN SUICIDES**

2002-2008, ages 10-19 (rate per 100,000 children)

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. CDC WONDER Online Database, http://wonder.cdc.gov/ucd-icd10.html



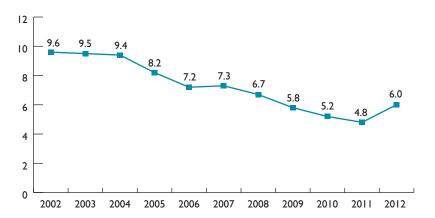
- \* U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. 1999. Mental Health: A Report of the Surgeon General. Available at www.surgeongeneral.gov
- \*\* Substance Abuse Mental Health Services Administration. March 2000. Patterns of Alcohol Use among Adolescents and Associations with Emotional and Behavioral Problems. Available at www.oas.samhsa.gov
- \*\*\* Substance Abuse Mental Health Services Administration. July 2002. NHSDA (National Household Survey on Drug Abuse) Report: Substance Use and the Risk of Suicide among Youths. Available at www.oas.samhsa.gov
- \*\*\*\* Shore, R. (2005). KIDS COUNT Indicator Brief: Reducing Teen Death Rate.

		NATIONAL		
CHILD WELFARE	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody,	1.654	6.0	4.8	n/a
December 2012 (rate per 1,000 children ages 0-17)  Children ages 0-5 (rate per 1,000 children ages 0-5)	843	12.1	9.0	n/a
Substantiated child abuse and neglect victims, 2012 (rate per 1,000 children ages 0-17)	4,046	14.7	12.7	n/a
Reports alleging child abuse and/or neglect, 2012	18,386	n/a	17,648	n/a
Reports screened out (as % of reports alleging maltreatment)	9,315	50.7%	53.4%	n/a
Reports that warranted child protective services (as % of reports alleging maltreatment)	9,071	49.3%	46.6%	n/a
Cases assigned to Child Protective Services (as % of reports warranting services)	8,210	90.5%	82.3%	n/a
Cases assigned to a contract agency (as % of reports warranting services)	861	9.5%	17.7%	n/a
Case assessments completed by Child Protective Services, 2012	8,343	n/a	6,938	n/a
Cases without findings of maltreatment (as % of completed case assessments)	5,707	68.4%	67.4%	n/a
Cases with findings of maltreatment (as % of completed case assessments)	2,636	31.6%	32.6%	n/a

#### **CHILDREN IN DHHS CARE OR CUSTODY**

#### December 2002-December 2012, ages 0-17 (rate per 1,000 children)

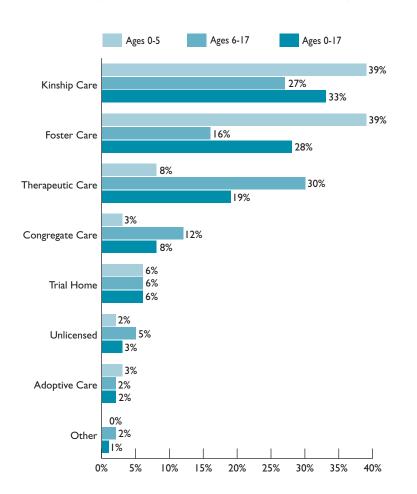
Source: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services



## CHILDREN IN STATE CARE OR CUSTODY BY PLACEMENT TYPE AND AGE GROUP

December 2012, ages 0-17

Source: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services



Young children who experience maltreatment frequently have disruptions in brain development that result in impaired physical, mental, and emotional development.\* Older children who have experienced maltreatment frequently perform poorly in school; commit crimes, including crimes against persons; and experience emotional problems, such as depression, suicidal thoughts, and alcohol and substance abuse.\*\* Adults who have been maltreated as children are at an increased risk of smoking, alcoholism, drug abuse, eating disorders, severe obesity, depression, suicide, sexual promiscuity, and certain chronic diseases.\*\*\*

#### In Maine:

Between December 2002 and December 2011, Maine saw a 50% decrease in the rate of children in DHHS care or custody, dropping from a rate of 9.6 per 1,000 children ages 0-17 in 2002 to 4.8 in 2011. But in 2012, the rate of children in DHHS care or custody increased by 25 percent to 6.0 per 1,000 children ages 0-17. Kinship care continues to be the most prevalent placement type for children in state care or custody. However, younger children ages 0-5 were more likely to be placed in a kinship setting (39%) than children ages 6-17 (27%). The older group was placed more frequently in a Therapeutic Care setting (30%) than young children (8%). For a description of placement settings, see page 45 in the definitions section.

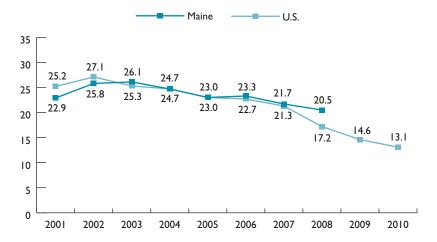
- Child Welfare Information Gateway. 2008. "Long-Term Consequences of Child Abuse and Neglect." www.childwelfare.gov
- \*\* English, D.J. Spring 1998."The Extent and Consequences of Child Maltreatment."The Future of Children, 8(1) 39-53. www.futureofchildren.org
- \*\*\* National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. "Child Maltreatment Fact Sheet." www.cdc.gov/ncipc/pub-res/CMFactsheet.pdf

ADOLESCENT HEALTH AND SAFETY		MAINE		NATIONAL
ADOLESCENT HEALTH AND SAFETY	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Adolescents served in the Maine family planning system, SFY 2013 (rate per 1,000 adolescents ages 15-19)	5,172	62.1	73.7	n/a
Females (rate per 1,000 females ages 15-19)	4,746	111.0	133.2	n/a
Males (rate per 1,000 males ages 15-19)	426	9.4	9.7	n/a
Young adults living with HIV/AIDS, 2012 (rate per 1,000 young adults ages 18-24)	21	0.2	0.2	n/a
Chlamydia cases, 2012 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-19)	1,031	6.2	5.9	n/a
Gonorrhea cases, 2012 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-19)	47	0.3	0.3	n/a
Children and adolescents using services of licensed alcohol and drug abuse treatment providers 2012 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-19)	1,165	7.0	7.0	n/a
Children ages 10-14 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-14)	159	2.0	1.8	n/a
Adolescents ages 15-19 (rate per 1,000 children ages 15-19)	1,006	12.1	12.3	n/a
Children in motor vehicle crashes with personal injury, 2012 (as % of all motor vehicle crashes involving children ages 0-19)	1,382	20.2%	19.0%	n/a
OUI arrests, 2012 (rate per 1,000 drivers under age 20)	360	9.4	10.0	n/a
OUI license suspensions, 2012 (rate per 1,000 drivers under age 20)	319	8.4	7.8	n/a
OUI convictions, 2012 (rate per 1,000 drivers under age 20)	114	3.0	2.7	n/a

#### **MOTOR VEHICLE DEATHS**

2001-2010, ages 15-19 (rate per 100,000 children)

Source: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics and Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, WISQARS



Note: At the time of publication, Maine data were not available beyond 2008.

#### **LEADING CAUSE OF DEATH**

2010, ages 15-19

Source: Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, WISQARS

	MAINE	U.S.
Unintentional Injuries	46.2%	41.7%
Suicide	19.2%	15.2%
All Other Deaths	34.6%	43.1%
TOTAL DEATHS	52	10,887

Adolescence is a time of rapid growth and change, of increasing independence and developing self-knowledge, thus making it an important and challenging time of transition. While most teens manage these important years with relative success, others face problems that undermine their physical and emotional well-being, and some do not survive the teen years.\*

#### In Maine:

Between 2008 and 2012, the rate of OUI arrests decreased from 20.2 to 9.4 arrests per 1,000 drivers under age 20. As can be seen in the chart to the left, the motor vehicle death rate for young drivers has been decreasing over the last decade, the result of safer vehicles, safer roadways, strong seat belt and child safety seat legislation, and graduated drivers licensing policies for teenage drivers.\*\* The leading cause of death for adolescents, ages 15-19, in Maine and the U.S. is unintentional injuries. While suicide is the second leading cause of death for adolescents in Maine, homicide has that distinction in the U.S. Of the 1,862 youth murdered in the United States, 85 percent were killed with a firearm.

- \* Shore, R. July 2003. KIDS COUNT Indicator Brief: Reducing the Teen Death Rate. The Annie E. Casey Foundation.
- \*\*\* Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Ten Great Public Health Achievements United States, 2001–2010. MMWR 2011-60

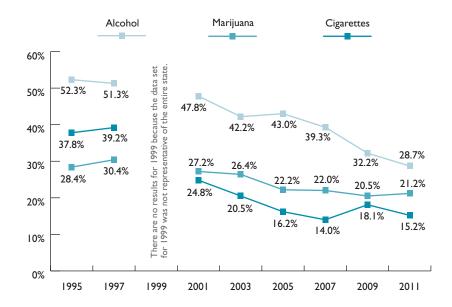
VOLUTILI DICK DELLAVIOD CUDVEY 2011		NATIONAL		
YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY, 2011	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
PERCENTAGE OF HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS REPORTING:				
Cigarette use during past 30 days	n/a	15.2%	18.1%	18.1%
Marijuana use during past 30 days	n/a	21.2%	20.5%	23.1%
Alcohol use during past 30 days	n/a	28.7%	32.2%	38.7%
Using prescription drugs not prescribed for them by a doctor (OxyContin, Percocet, etc.) during past 30 days	n/a	13.9%	9.2%	20.7%
Sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high one or more times during their life	n/a	11.0%	14.8%	11.4%
Drinking five or more alcoholic drinks within two hours on one or more of the past 30 days	n/a	16.2%	21.2%	21.9%
Offered/sold/given illegal drug by someone on school property during past 12 months	n/a	21.7%	21.2%	25.6%
Ever being told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma	n/a	26.0%	26.3%	23.0%
Ever having had sexual intercourse	n/a	45.1%	46.0%	47.4%
Using birth contol pills to prevent pregnancy, of those students who are sexually active	n/a	34.5%	36.1%	18.0%
Using a condom during last intercourse, of those students who are sexually active	n/a	59.9%	60.2%	60.2%
Having never been taught about AIDS or HIV infection in school	n/a	11.4%	13.1%	16.0%
In a physical fight one or more times during the last 12 months	n/a	19.5%	22.8%	32.8%
Ever hit, slapped, or physically hurt on purpose by their boyfriend or girlfriend during the past 12 months	n/a	11.3%	15.4%	9.4%
Ever been physically forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to	n/a	8.0%	10.7%	8.0%
Bullied on school property during the last 12 months	n/a	22.4%	22.4%	20.1%

Note: The Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS) monitors priority health-risk behaviors that contribute to the leading cause of death, injury, illness and social problems among youth at the state and national levels.

#### ALCOHOL, MARIJUANA AND CIGARETTE USE

2001-2011, Maine high school students

Source: Maine Youth Risk Behavior Survey



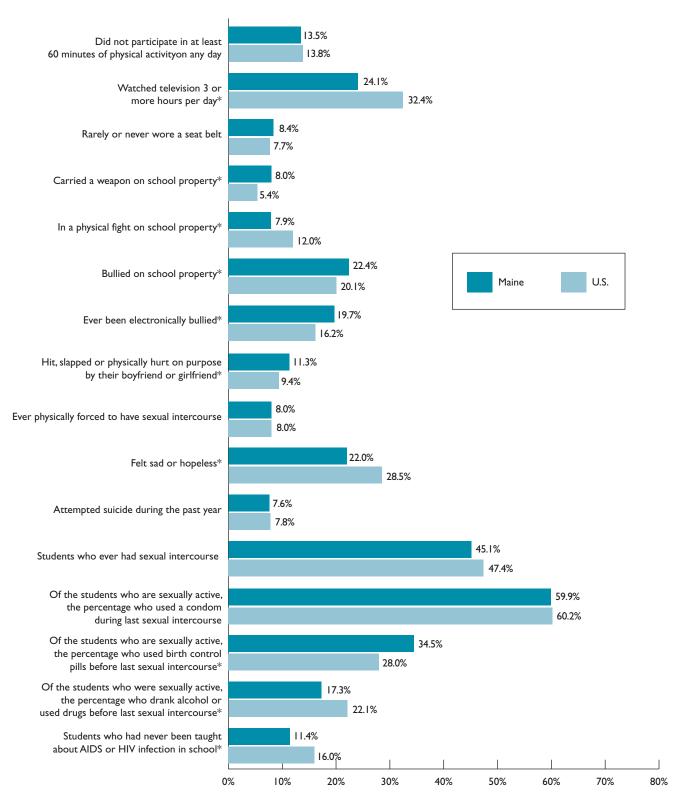
Addictive disorders in adults most commonly begin in adolescence or young adulthood: most adult smokers begin smoking before age 18, more than 40% of adult alcoholics experience alcohol-related symptoms between ages 15-19, and the median age at which adults with substance use disorders begin using illegal drugs is 16.\*

#### In Maine:

Since 1995, there has been a steady decrease in the percentage of high school students who report using alcohol, marijuana and cigarettes. During that time, the percentage of high school students who reported cigarette smoking decreased by 60 percent (37.8% vs. 15.2%). Since 2005, the percentage of students reporting marijuana usage has remained steady.

\* Chamber, R.A., Taylor, J.R., and Potenza, M.N. June 2003. "Developmental Neurocircuitry of Motivation in Adolescence: A Critical Period of Addiction Vulnerability." American Journal of Psychiatry. http://ajp.psychiatryonline.org

#### **HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELL-BEING AMONG HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS, 2011**



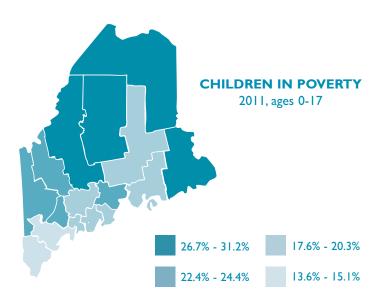
\*Significantly different

## Social and Economic Status



DOVERTY		NATIONAL		
POVERTY	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children under age 18 in poverty, 2011 (as % of children under 18)	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	22.5%
Children under age 5 in poverty, 2011 (as % of children under 5)	15,848	24.2%	23.5%	25.8%

HOUGING		NATIONAL		
HOUSING	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children in low income households where housing costs exceed 30% of income, 2011				
(as % of children in low income families)	76,000	67%	66%	66%
Homeless children under age 18, January 2013 (rate per 10,000 children ages 0-17)	194	7.1	6.7	n/a



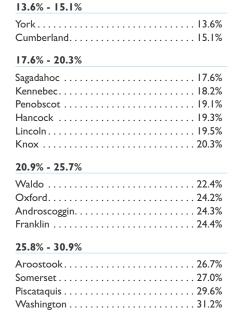
Poverty plays a key role in children's well-being and is related to every KIDS COUNT indicator. Children who live in poverty, especially those who live in poverty for long periods of time, are at an increased risk for poor health, cognitive, social, and educational outcomes. They are more likely to have physical, behavioral, and emotional health problems; to have difficulty in school; to become teen parents; and, as adults, to earn less.\*

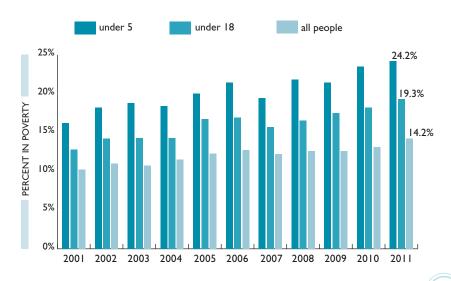
#### In Maine:

Child poverty rates in Maine have increased significantly in the last decade, particularly for children under age 5. Childhood poverty varies widely across Maine's sixteen counties from a low of 13.6 percent in York County to a high of 31.2 percent in Washington County.

#### POVERTY TRENDS 2001-2011

U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE)





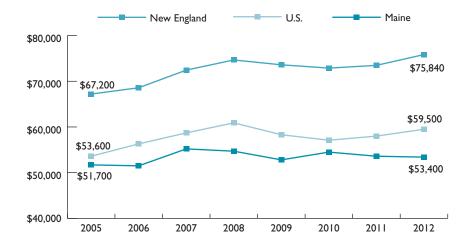
<sup>\*</sup> Moore, K. and Redd, Z. November 2002. Children in Poverty: Trends, Consequences, and Policy Options. Available at www.childtrends.org

INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT		NATIONAL		
	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children in low-income families, 2012 (as % of children under age 18)*	116,000	45%	43%	45%
Median income of families with children, 2012	n/a	\$53,400	\$53,600	\$59,500
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	\$50,502
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of three, 2010	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	n/a
Unemployment, 2012 (as % of civilian labor force)	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	9.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Children in low income families is defined as the share of children under age 18 living in families with incomes less than twice the federal poverty threshold (<200% of poverty). In 2012, which represents the current rate, the poverty threshold for a family of three (one adult and two children) was \$18,498. Thus, "low income" represents income of less than \$36,996 for a family of three.

## MEDIAN INCOME OF FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN 2005-2012, Maine, U.S. and New England

Source: Annie E. Casey Foundation, KIDs Count Data Center, datacenterkidscount.org



Median family income is the dollar amount which divides Maine families' income distribution into two equal groups – half with incomes above the median and half with incomes below the median.

#### In Maine:

Between 2005 and 2012, Maine's median income of families with children grew slightly from \$51,700 to \$53,400, an increase of 3.3 percent. However, Maine's family income has not returned to its pre-recession amount. During that same time, the US median family income grew 11 percent while the average of the median family income for other New England States (CT, MA, NH, RI, & VT) increased almost 13 percent.

<sup>\*</sup> Mishel, L., Bernstein, J. & Shierholz, H. (2008) The state of working America 2008/2009. Washington, DC: Economic Policy Institute

CDIME		NATIONAL		
CRIME	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Arrests of children, 2011 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-17)	5,445	41.7	49.6	n/a
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011 (rate per 1,000 children ages 10-17)	73	0.6	0.8	n/a
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011 (rate per 100,000 of population)	5,360	403.5	385.2	n/a

TEEN PREGNANCY		MAINE			
		Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Births to single teenaged mothers under age 20, 2009 (as % of total live births)	962	7.1%	7.4%	n/a	
Births to married teenaged mothers under age 20, 2009 (as % of total live births)	87	0.6%	0.8%	n/a	
Repeat teen pregnancies for females under age 20, 2009 (as % of total teen pregnancies)	346	23.9%	24.9%	n/a	
Births to single teens who have not completed 12 years of school, 2003-2007 annual avg (rate per 1,000 females ages 10-19)	2,559	6.0	6.0	n/a	
Teen pregnancies, 2007 (rate per 1,000 females ages 10-17)	445	6.7	6.8	n/a	

		MAINE			
INCOME SUPPORTS	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012 (as % of children ages 0-17)	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	n/a	
Children receiving SNAP, Dec 2012 (as % of children ages 0-17)	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	n/a	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13 (as % of school children)	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	n/a	
Recipients of WIC benefits, 2012	45,240	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Women	11,291	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Infants and Children (as % of all children under age 5)	33,949	48.8%	44.2%	n/a	
Child support enforcement cases with collection, FFY 2011 (as % of cases)	36,871	56.7%	56.7%	56.9%	
Children served through child care subsidies, FFY 2012	9,042	n/a	9,974	n/a	
ASPIRE Child Care (as % of children served)	5,321	58.8%	40.5%	n/a	
Transitional Child Care (as % of children served)	3,721	41.2%	59.5%	n/a	
Children served through CCDF child care subsidies, FFY 2012	3,777	100.0%	3,676	n/a	
Vouchers (as % of children served)	3,777	100.0%	60.1%	n/a	
Contracted slots (as % of children served)	0	0.0%	39.9%	n/a	

#### **2012 FEDERAL POVERTY GUIDELINES**

FAMILY SIZE		GROSS MONTHLY	INCOME
*	1	\$931	
**	$2\ldots\ldots\ldots$	\$1,261	For families with
***	3	¢ I EQ I	more than 8 persons,
***	4	# L 00 L	add \$330 for each
****	$5\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$	\$2,251	additional person.
*****	6	\$2,581	•
*****	7	\$2,911	
******	8	\$3,241	

Income Support Program	Eligibility
WOMEN, INFANTS & CHILDREN (WIC): A supplemental food program	Pregnant and post-partum women and children up to age 5.
for families with children 5 years and younger. Fathers are also eligible.	INCOME ELIGIBILITY: up to 185% of federal poverty level.
MEDICAID/CHIP EXPANSION (MAINECARE)	INCOME ELIGIBILITY: up to 200% of federal poverty level (200% pregnant women and children 18 and younger; 133% parents/guardians; 150% individuals ages 19 – 20 years)
CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT FUND (CCDF) Child Care Subsidy Parents must be working, in job training or in school	INCOME ELIGIBILITY: up to 250% of federal poverty level.
TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF)	INCOME ELIGIBILITY: 67% of federal poverty level for a family of three. Maximum monthly benefit

for a family of three: \$485/mo.

INCOME ELIGIBILITY: up to 130%

of federal poverty level. Maximum monthly benefit for a family of 3:

\$526/mo.

When children live in families facing food insecurity and hunger, their brain architecture is affected, causing harm to their physical, mental, social and emotional health throughout their lives. "But investing in effective public infrastructure to protect young children's nutritional health promotes family stability, and improves their educational achievement, productivity and future earnings."\*

#### In Maine:

In December 2012, 15,293 Maine children eighteen years and younger were TANF recipients, a decline from December 2011 when 23,922 Maine children were TANF recipients. This drastic decrease – 8,629 children – is the result of the implementation of a strict 60 month life time limit on the receipt of TANF assistance and a stricter sanction policy that includes a "full family sanction." During the same time period, the number of children receiving SNAP benefits increased from 75,889 in December 2011 to 86,908 in December 2012, a difference of 11,019 children.

\* Partnerships for America's Economic Success. November 2008, Issue Brief #8. "Reading, writing and hungry: The consequences of food insecurity on children, and on our nation's economic success." Washington, DC: Food Research and Action Center (FRAC).

MAINE KIDS COUNT 2013

FOOD SUPPLEMENT PROGRAM,

formerly called Food Stamps

# **Education and Learning**



EARLY LEARNING AND DEVEL CONFILE DOCUMENT		NATIONAL		
EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS		Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Licensed child care providers, July 2013	2,008	n/a	2,110	n/a
Licensed child care providers in Step 4 of the Quality Rating System (QRS) (as % of licensed child care providers)	161	8.0%	8.5%	n/a
Children enrolled in Head Start programs, FFY 2012 (as % of income-eligible children under age 5)	4,433	28.0%	29.5%	n/a
Children estimated to be eligible for Head Start but not enrolled (as % of eligible children)	11,415	72.0%	70.5%	n/a
Children enrolled in Maine Public Preschool Programs, 2012-13 (as % of children age 4)	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	n/a

The early years are a critical time for future development. Like building a new house or office building, establishing either a strong or a fragile foundation will determine the development, learning and behavior that will follow. Positive early experiences prior to kindergarten entry are the building blocks for the essential skills children need when learning to read from kindergarten up until the completion of third grade. Families make use of a variety of early care and education settings: licensed child care, family, friends and neighbors, and public programs such as Head Start or public preschool. The quality of out of home experiences can strongly influence a child's developmental progression.

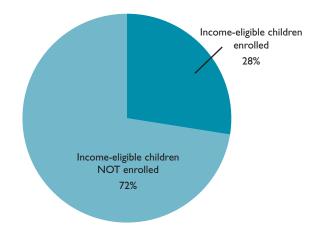
#### In Maine:

There are 2,008 licensed child care centers and family child care homes in Maine. Of the licensed programs, 161 (8.0%) meet the highest standard (Step 4) in Maine's early care and education quality rating system, Quality for ME. Maine currently has the capacity to serve an estimated 28 percent of children age 0-5 who are income-eligible for Head Start. Statewide, almost one-third of Maine's four-year-olds are enrolled in a public preschool program.

#### HEAD START PARTICIPATION

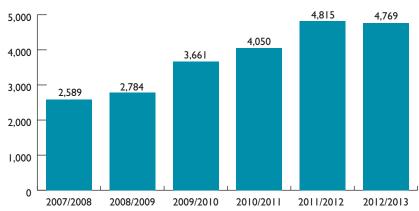
2012

Source: U.S. Office of Head Start, 2012 Program Information Report (PIR)



## PUBLIC PRESCHOOL ENROLLMENT 2007/2008-2012/2013

Source: Maine Department of Education



DEADING CIVILIC		MAINE			
READING SKILLS	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
4th grade students scoring at or above reading proficiency levels, 2011					
(as % of 4th grade students taking NAEP reading test)	n/a	32%	35%	32%	
8th grade students scoring at or above reading proficiency levels, 2011					
(as % of 8th grade students taking NAEP reading test)	n/a	39%	35%	32%	

ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS			NATIONAL		
		State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Children who are English Language Learners, 2012-13					
(as % of public school students)		5,122	2.8%	n/a	n/a

DROPOUTS		MAINE			
		Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
High school dropouts, 2011-12 (as % of high school students)	1,884	3.2%	3.2%	n/a	
Public high school dropouts (as % of public school students)	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	n/a	
Selected private high school dropouts – with 60% or more publicly funded students					
(as % of selected private high school students)	90	1.8%	1.4%	n/a	

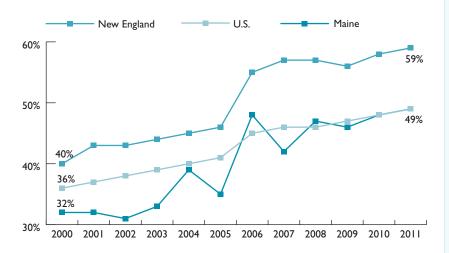
GRADUATES		MAINE			
		Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Public high school graduates, Class of 2012 (as % of graduating class)	11,839	84.8%	83.1%	n/a	

DISCONNECTED VOLTE		NATIONAL			
DISCONNECTED YOUTH	State Number	Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent	
Teens ages 16-19 not attending school and not working 2012 (as % of children ages 16-19).	5 279	8%	6%	8%	

VOLING ADULTS		NATIONAL		
YOUNG ADULTS		Current Rate or Percent	Previous Rate or Percent	Rate or Percent
Young adults enrolled in or completed college, 2011 (as % of adults ages 18-24)	56,000	49.0%	48.0%	49.0%
High school graduates ages 25 To 29 who have completed a bachelor's degree or				
higher, 2011 (as % of adults ages 25-29)	22,000	30.0%	26.0%	31.0%

#### YOUNG ADULTS AGES 18-24 ENROLLED IN OR COMPLETED COLLEGE 2000-2011

Source: Annie E Casey Foundation, KIDS COUNT Data Center



Teens who are neither in school nor employed are disconnected from the roles and relationships that help young people transition to adulthood. These young people tend to have a harder time connecting to the job market as young adults, which increases the risk that they will have lower earnings and a less stable employment history than their peers who stayed in school or found jobs.\*

#### In Maine:

In 2012, 5,279 (8%) Maine teens ages 16-19 were neither in school nor employed. The percentage of young adults enrolled in or completed college has increased significantly over the last decade: 32 percent in 2000 vs. 49 percent in 2011.

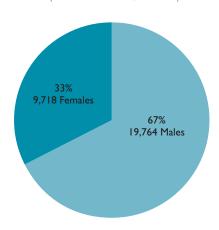
<sup>\*</sup> Shore, R. July 2005. KIDS COUNT Indicator Brief: Reducing the Number of Disconnected Youth. Available at www.aecf.org/KnowledgeCenter.aspx

#### **SPECIAL EDUCATION**

## STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

2011-12, age 5-21, by gender

Source: Maine Department of Education, Office of Special Services



Special education and related services play an integral part in educating children with special needs and in improving their long-term outcomes. These services improve student achievement and graduation rates, increase participation in post-secondary education, and increase employment participation and wages.\*

#### In Maine:

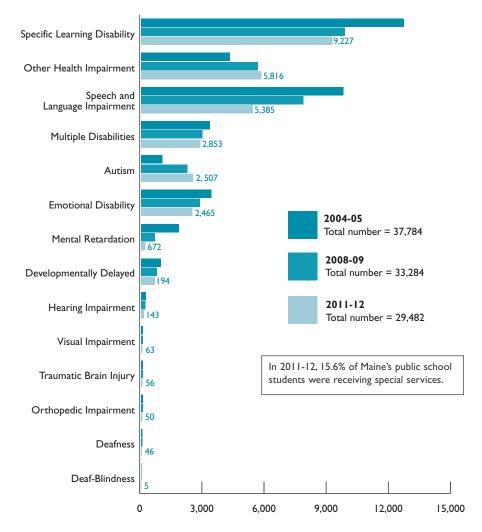
In 2011-12, 15.6 percent of Maine public school students had special needs, down from 17.0 percent the previous school year. The most prevalent exceptionalities include specific learning disabilities, speech and language impairment and other health impairments. Currently, 9 percent of students with special needs have autism. The number of students with an autism diagnosis has more than doubled between 2004-05 and 2011-12: 1,018 vs. 2,646. The majority of students with special needs are in a regular classroom setting for at least 40 percent of the school day.

\* American Youth Policy Forum and Center on Education Policy, 2002. Twenty-Five Years of Educating Children with Disabilities. Available at www.aypf.org.

#### STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

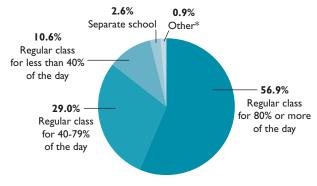
2004-05 to 2011-12, age 3-21, by disability

Source: Maine Department of Education, Office of Special Services



## SPECIAL EDUCATION SETTING 2011-12

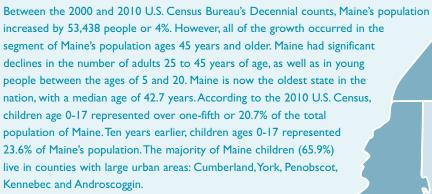
Source: Maine Department of Education, Office of Special Services



<sup>\*</sup> includes the following placements: parentally placed in private school, homebound/hospital, and correctional facility

# **County Profiles**





#### **POPULATION**

2010, ages 0-17

6,	9	9	9	and	d I	O	W	er

Piscataquis 3,365
Franklin 6,047
Lincoln 6,468
Washington 6,564

#### 7,000 to 9,999

Sagadahoc	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7,422
Knox													7,710
Waldo													8,147
Hancock													9,997

#### 10,000 to 19,999

Somerset	 	11,176
Oxford	 	12,317
Aroostook		14 384

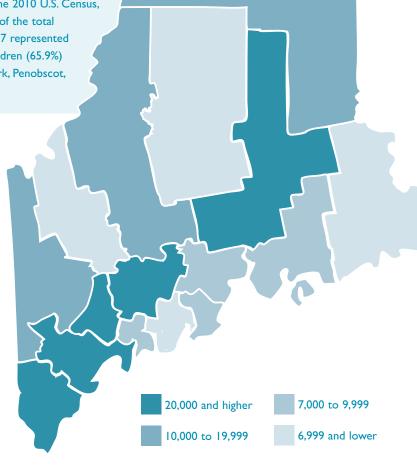
#### 20,000 and higher

Androscoggin	24,308
Kennebec	25,308
Penobscot	30,355
${\sf York}\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$	42,091
Cumberland	58 894

**TOTAL POPULATION, ages 0-17** 274,533

**TOTAL POPULATION, all ages** 1,328,361

To map other indicators at the county-level, visit our state-level page on the KIDS COUNT Data Center: http://datacenter.kidscount.org/me



Source: 2010 U.S. Census Bureau's Decennial Counts.

County-level data offers us an opportunity to more fully understand the well-being of Maine's children and their families. For each of the indicators reported, the number of events and rate of occurrence for those events offer us a more comprehensive view of the well-being of children around the state. The number and rates may vary considerably from year to year and between counties—a reflection of Maine's relatively small population and the diversity in population size, geography, and economic and social climate in the various regions of Maine, and should be considered when interpreting differences.

MAINE KIDS COUNT 2013 23

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	at a	Jianice

	STATE	Androscoggin	Aroostook	Cumberland	Franklin	Hancock	Kennebec	
DEMOGRAPHICS								
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	1,328,361	107,702	71,870	281,674	30,768	54,418	122,151	
Under 5 years old	69,520	6,886	3,497	14,755	1,509	2,603	6,334	
5-17 years old	205,013	17,422	10,887	44,139	4,538	7,374	18,974	
18-64 years old	842,748	68,210	43,835	182,623	19,561	34,504	77,883	
65 years and over	211,080	15,184	13,651	40,157	5,160	9,937	18,960	
Median age	42.7	39.8	45.3	41.0	43.4	46.3	42.8	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH								
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013	48.0%	57.5%	56.1%	34.8%	50.3%	48.0%	53.1%	
Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare	55.7%	65.1%	65.7%	41.2%	59.1%	53.1%	63.9%	
Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	44.9%	51.2%	52.4%	32.2%	47.0%	45.8%	48.9%	
Live births for which prenatal care began	07.404	00.20/	00.20/	00.50/	07.20/	07.207	05.00/	
in the first trimester, 2009	87.6%	90.2%	89.3%	88.5%	87.3%	86.2%	85.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	6.3%	6.2%	6.6%	6.1%	6.2%	5.6%	7.0%	
Pre-term births, 2009	8.3%	7.5%	7.5%	8.0%	8.6%	8.4%	7.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	6.1	7.2	7.2	6.1	3.5	3.1	5.4	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	†	†	1.6	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	6.0	7.1	4.2	5.0	†	4.4	4.8	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	6.0	9.1	7.9	4.4	1.0	7.0	8.5	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS								
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	19.3%	24.3%	26.7%	15.1%	24.4%	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	5.6%	10.4%	6.8%	5.1%	5.8%	2.3%	6.3%	
Children receiving SNAP benefits, Dec. 2012	31.7%	42.8%	37.3%	23.6%	35.7%	25.7%	34.4%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	45.8%	53.5%	54.6%	32.6%	54.2%	44.5%	48.4%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent								
family of 3, 2010	\$21.84	\$20.41	\$13.53	\$23.82	\$18.88	\$21.24	\$19.54	
Median household income, 2011	\$46,160	\$43,899	\$35,572	\$55,459	\$39,405	\$44,599	\$44,441	
Unemployment, 2012	7.3%	7.4%	9.2%	5.8%	9.3%	8.6%	7.0%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	403.5	491.2	282.5	375.3	468.0	246.2	542.0	
Arrests of children, 2011*	41.7	59.5	41.6	47.1	24.0	18.7	42.9	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.1	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	6.7	9	3.7	7.1	10.7	6.9	8.1	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING								
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	32.8%	53.8%	88.8%	8.5%	36.1%	25.9%	48.0%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	3.4%	5.4%	3.6%	2.3%	3.2%	3.7%	4.0%	
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## Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013

			KEY:			er 10,000 *** Ra preserve confide		0 Not available or no	ot applicable
Knox	Lincoln	Oxford	Penobscot	Piscataquis	Sagadahoc	Somerset	Waldo	Washington	York
20.727	24.457	F7.022	152,022	17.525	25.202	F2 220	20.707	22.057	107 121
39,736 1,921	34,457 1,605	57,833 2,967	153,923 7,983	17,535 767	35,293 1,912	52,228 2,724	38,786 2,072	32,856 1,674	197,131 10,311
5,789	4,863	9,350	22,372	2,598	5,510	8,452	6,075	4,890	31,780
24,432	20,596	35,673	101,315	10,606	22,083	32,515	24,359	19,866	124,687
7,594	7,393	9,843	22,253	3,564	5,788	8,537	6,280	6,426	30,353
46.2	48.1	44.6	39.9	48.1	44.1	43.6	44.1	46.1	43.0
			2			1010			
50.3%	47.3%	57.2%	47.3%	59.3%	41.1%	53.4%	53.2%	65.5%	39.1%
58.3% 47.0%	51.6% 45.6%	64.8% 54.3%	54.4% 44.3%	67.2% 56.4%	47.7% 38.4%	59.6% 50.9%	59.8% 50.5%	73.0% 62.5%	45.0% 36.8%
77.076	TJ.0/0	JT.J/0	77.570	J0.T/0	J0.T/0	30.7/6	30.376	02.576	30.0%
93.6%	87.2%	87.0%	84.2%	85.4%	90.3%	80.8%	87.0%	84.5%	89.7%
4.6%	7.4%	4.1%	6.3%	6.1%	5.0%	8.5%	9.7%	7.2%	6.1%
6.6%	9.7%	7.8%	9.7%	6.1%	5.9%	9.4%	8.9%	7.9%	9.0%
6.4	3.2	6.4	6.9	5.0	5.5	6.8	6.3	4.2	6.4
†	†	2.4	2.1	†	2.5	2.1	3.5	3.5	1.5
8.9	9.1	9.0	5.2	†	7.2	7.8	5.3	6.2	7.1
7.7	0.9	0.6	7.6	1.8	0.7	7.6	2.8	3.4	6.1
20.3%	19.5%	24.2%	19.1%	29.6%	17.6%	27.0%	22.4%	31.2%	13.6%
4.8%	3.4%	5.9%	5.0%	5.9%	4.5%	7.2%	6.3%	6.0%	3.6%
31.2%	31.1%	40.2%	32.9%	38.9%	27.4%	42.9%	37.8%	41.8%	24.7%
48.2%	48.3%	61.0%	48.9%	59.7%	42.7%	59.9%	57.5%	60.0%	35.7%
\$21.85	\$21.94	\$19.62	\$20.23	\$20.55	\$22.78	\$18.47	\$21.54	\$21.14	\$23.03
\$46,366	\$45,674	\$37,915	\$41,199	\$36,017	\$52,187	\$37,339	\$41,888	\$33,637	\$55,725
6.8%	6.8%	9.1%	7.8%	10.1%	6.6%	9.8%	8.6%	10.7%	6.6%
294.4	269.9	401.2	297.6	308.0	252.2	427.0	304.2	334.8	576.8
38.5	33.4	20.1	29.1	32.4	50.6	46.4	32.6	17.3	52.4
0.3	0.9	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.5
9.8	†	5.5	6.3	†	2.9	7.5	10	6.1	5.8
2.8%	3.8%	38.1%	48.3%	59.0%	31.6%	62.8%	47.4%	51.7%	7.2%
2.3%	5.8%	3.6%	3.0%	3.1%	4.7%	4.0%	1.9%	3.9%	3.3%



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## Androscoggin

WEW

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality

n/a Not available or not applicable

		COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	
DEMOGRAPHICS							
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	107,702	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%	
Under 5 years old	6,886	6.4%	6.3%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%	
5-17 years old	17,422	16.2%	16.3%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%	
18-64 years old	68,210	63.3%	63.1%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%	
65 years and over	15,184	14.1%	14.3%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%	
Median age		39.8	37.2		42.7	38.6	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH							
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	14,829 5,389 9,440	57.5% 65.1% 51.2%	57.2% 65.7% 51.2%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, $2009$	1,247	90.2%	90.1%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	86	6.2%	6.7%	852	6.3%	6.7%	
Pre-term births, 2009	104	7.5%	8.4%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	10	7.2	7.3	85	6.1	6.1	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	3	1.9	1.9	39	1.9	1.9	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	5	7.1	6.6	55	6.0	6.0	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	220	9.1	6.7	1,654	6.0	4.8	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS							
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	5,644	24.3%	20.4%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	2,526	10.4%	17.3%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	10,410	42.8%	35.8%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	8,676	53.5%	52.5%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$20.41	\$15.93	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$43,899	\$41,831	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	
Unemployment, 2012	4,300	7.4%	7.8%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	529	491.2	543.2	5,360	403.5	385.2	
Arrests of children, 2011*	645	59.5	70.8	5,455	41.7	49.6	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	5	0.5	2.5	73	0.6	0.8	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	48	9	10.7	445	6.7	6.8	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING							
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	752	53.8%	50.5%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	250	5.4%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	

#### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



## Aroostook

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
  - † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

		COUNTY			STATE	
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	71,870	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	3,497	4.9%	4.8%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	10,887	15.1%	15.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	43,835	61.0%	62.4%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	13,651	19.0%	17.7%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		45.3	40.7		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	8,606 2,788 5,818	56.1% 65.7% 52.4%	57.2% 67.6% 53.3%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, $2009$	619	89.3%	87.7%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	46	6.6%	5.9%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	52	7.5%	7.2%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	5	7.2	6.7	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	2.0	2.7	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	4.2	3.4	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	114	7.9	4.9	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	3,646	26.7%	20.0%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	985	6.8%	10.4%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	5,362	37.3%	33.0%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	5,461	54.6%	53.6%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$13.53	\$13.70	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$35,572	\$36,344	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	3,140	9.2%	9.7%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	203	282.5	311.7	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	296	41.6	46.8	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	8	1.1	0.7	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	13	3.7	4.6	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	588	88.8%	97.0%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	110	3.6%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

MAINE KIDS COUNT 2013 27



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## Cumberland

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- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

		COUNTY			STATE	
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	281,674	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	14,755	5.2%	5.6%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	44,139	15.7%	16.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	182,623	64.8%	64.7%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	40,157	14.3%	13.6%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		41.0	37.6		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	21,841 7,406 14,435	34.8% 41.2% 32.2%	34.6% 42.4% 31.5%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	2,498	88.5%	87.5%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	172	6.1%	6.8%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	227	8.0%	9.3%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.**	18	6.1	6.3	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	8	1.7	1.5	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	9	5.0	4.9	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	259	4.4	4.0	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	8,491	15.1%	13.6%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	3,002	5.1%	7.5%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	13,923	23.6%	20.5%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	12,903	32.6%	32.7%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$23.82	\$22.04	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$55,459	\$57,424	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	9,330	5.8%	6.1%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	1,057	375.3	357.9	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	1,316	47.1	51.7	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	17	0.6	1.1	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	97	7.1	6.7	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	260	8.5%	7.2%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	300	2.3%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

#### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



## Franklin

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

		COUNTY			STATE	
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	30,768	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	1,509	4.9%	4.7%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	4,538	14.7%	15.2%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	19,561	63.6%	65.8%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	5,160	16.8%	14.3%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		43.4	38.2		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	3,310 1,073 2,237	50.3% 59.1% 47.0%	52.0% 63.3% 47.8%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	254	87.3%	89.8%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	18	6.2%	6.0%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	25	8.6%	8.8%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	I	3.5	5.6	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	6	0.1	1.3	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,399	24.4%	22.3%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	352	5.8%	10.0%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,161	35.7%	32.5%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,349	54.2%	53.3%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$18.88	\$14.81	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$39,405	\$39,034	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	1,340	9.3%	9.7%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	144	468.0	474.5	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	71	24.0	38.1	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	2	0.7	0.3	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	16	10.7	6.5	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	113	36.1%	41.2%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	40	3.2%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%



## Hancock

KEY.

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality

n/a Not available or not applicable

		COUNTY			STATE	
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	54,418	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	2,603	4.8%	5.0%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	7,374	13.6%	14.8%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	34,504	63.4%	64.0%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	9,937	18.3%	16.2%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		46.3	40.7		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	5,099 1,661 3,438	48.0% 53.1% 45.8%	49.7% 55.5% 47.3%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	388	86.2%	85.6%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	25	5.6%	5.8%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	38	8.4%	4.7%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	2	3.1	3.4	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages I-I4), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	4.4	4.4	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	70	7.0	4.3	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,833	19.3%	20.2%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	231	2.3%	4.5%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,562	25.7%	22.1%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,660	44.5%	48.2%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$21.24	\$19.90	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$44,599	\$41,1061	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	2,580	8.6%	8.8%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	134	246.2	180.1	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	88	18.7	31.0	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	3	0.6	0.2	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	17	6.9	5.9	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	146	25.9%	27.1%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	67	3.7%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

#### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



## Kennebec

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE			
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	
DEMOGRAPHICS							
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	122,151	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%	
Under 5 years old	6,334	5.2%	5.2%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%	
5-17 years old	18,974	15.5%	15.7%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%	
18-64 years old	77,883	63.8%	64.5%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%	
65 years and over	18,960	15.5%	14.6%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%	
Median age		42.8	38.7		42.7	38.6	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH							
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	14,324 4,889 9,435	53.1% 63.9% 48.9%	53.1% 64.8% 48.4%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	1,096	85.8%	84.8%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	89	7.0%	5.2%	852	6.3%	6.7%	
Pre-term births, 2009	98	7.7%	7.7%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	7	5.4	5.3	85	6.1	6.1	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	3	1.9	1.9	39	1.9	1.9	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	4	4.8	4.5	55	6.0	6.0	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	216	8.5	6.4	1,654	6.0	4.8	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS							
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	4,377	18.2%	16.9%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	1,601	6.3%	9.2%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	8,707	34.4%	30.1%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	8,507	48.4%	52.8%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$19.54	\$15.26	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$44,441	\$44,725	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	
Unemployment, 2012	4,480	7.0%	7.3%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	662	542.0	546.0	5,360	403.5	385.2	
Arrests of children, 2011*	520	42.9	52.1	5,455	41.7	49.6	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	13	1.1	1.6	73	0.6	0.8	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	48	8.1	7.1	445	6.7	6.8	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING							
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	661	48.0%	52.7%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	178	4.0%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	



## Knox

KEY.

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE			
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	
DEMOGRAPHICS							
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	39,736	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%	
Under 5 years old	1,921	4.8%	5.1%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%	
5-17 years old	5,789	14.6%	14.7%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%	
18-64 years old	24,432	61.5%	62.7%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%	
65 years and over	7,594	19.1%	17.5%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%	
Median age		46.2	41.4		42.7	38.6	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH							
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	4,088 1,386 2,702	50.3% 58.3% 47.0%	50.4% 57.0% 47.6%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	366	93.6%	91.3%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	18	4.6%	4.6%	852	6.3%	6.7%	
Pre-term births, 2009	26	6.6%	4.6%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	3	6.4	4.9	85	6.1	6.1	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	39	1.9	1.9	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.***	2	8.9	11.1	55	6.0	6.0	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	59	7.7	5.3	1,654	6.0	4.8	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS							
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,494	20.3%	19.8%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	372	4.8%	7.2%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,409	31.2%	27.5%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,187	48.2%	46.1%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$21.85	\$20.53	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$46,366	\$42,593	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	
Unemployment, 2012	1,430	6.8%	7.2%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	117	294.4	264.2	5,360	403.5	385.2	
Arrests of children, 2011*	142	38.5	29.3	5,455	41.7	49.6	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	I	0.3	0.0	73	0.6	0.8	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	18	9.8	7.8	445	6.7	6.8	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING							
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	11	2.8%	4.1%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	32	2.3%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	

### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



## Lincoln

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE			
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	
DEMOGRAPHICS							
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	34,457	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%	
Under 5 years old	1,605	4.7%	4.6%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%	
5-17 years old	4,863	14.1%	14.8%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%	
18-64 years old	20,596	59.8%	61.8%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%	
65 years and over	7,393	21.5%	18.8%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%	
Median age		48.1	42.6		42.7	38.6	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH							
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	3,229 1,002 2,227	47.3% 51.6% 45.6%	48.5% 52.4% 46.9%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	260	87.2%	90.3%%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	22	7.4%	10.1%	852	6.3%	6.7%	
Pre-term births, 2009	29	9.7%	12.4%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	I	3.2	2.5	85	6.1	6.1	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	39	1.9	1.9	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.***	2	9.1	8.1	55	6.0	6.0	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	6	0.9	0.5	1,654	6.0	4.8	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS							
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,185	19.5%	20.8%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	223	3.4%	5.8%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,009	31.1%	28.3%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	1,964	48.3%	48.1%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$21.94	\$19.80	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$45,674	\$45,520	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	
Unemployment, 2012	1,250	6.8%	7.2%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	93	269.9	298.9	5,360	403.5	385.2	
Arrests of children, 2011*	106	33.4	32.5	5,455	41.7	49.6	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	3	0.9	0.0	73	0.6	0.8	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	†	†	†	445	6.7	6.8	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING							
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	61	3.8%	0.7%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	57	5.8%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	

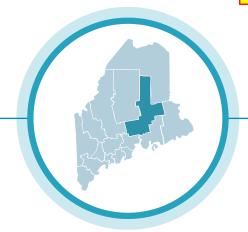


## Oxford

VEV.

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE			
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	
DEMOGRAPHICS							
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	57,833	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%	
Under 5 years old	2,967	5.1%	5.1%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%	
5-17 years old	9,350	16.2%	15.6%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%	
18-64 years old	35,673	61.7%	63.4%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%	
65 years and over	9,843	17.0%	15.9%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%	
Median age		44.6	40.2		42.7	38.6	
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH							
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	7,512 2,333 5,179	57.2% 64.8% 54.3%	57.8% 66.1% 54.7%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%	
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	469	87.0%	83.7%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%	
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	22	4.1%	8.5%	852	6.3%	6.7%	
Pre-term births, 2009	42	7.8%	7.4%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%	
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	4	6.4	7.0	85	6.1	6.1	
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	2.4	2.9	39	1.9	1.9	
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	3	9.0	8.3	55	6.0	6.0	
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	7	0.6	0.9	1,654	6.0	4.8	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS							
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	2,811	24.2%	22.5%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%	
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	727	5.9%	11.4%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%	
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	4,948	40.2%	36.7%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%	
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	5,794	61.0%	58.2%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%	
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$19.62	\$15.35	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00	
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$37,915	\$38,789	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882	
Unemployment, 2012	2,620	9.1%	9.9%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%	
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	232	401.2	389.1	5,360	403.5	385.2	
Arrests of children, 2011*	124	20.1	34.3	5,455	41.7	49.6	
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	I	0.2	0.0	73	0.6	0.8	
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	16	5.5	6.6	445	6.7	6.8	
EDUCATION AND LEARNING							
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	234	38.1%	43.0%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%	
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	96	3.6%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%	



### Penobscot

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	153,923	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	7,983	5.2%	5.4%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	22,372	14.5%	15.2%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	101,315	65.8%	65.8%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	22,253	14.5%	13.5%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		39.9	37.2		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	15,623 55,268 10,355	47.3% 54.4% 44.3%	48.2% 55.8% 45.1%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, $2009$	1,326	84.2%	84.7%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	100	6.3%	7.0%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	152	9.7%	8.6%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	П	6.9	6.9	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	5	2.1	2.6	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	6	5.2	6.2	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	231	7.6	6.1	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	5,548	19.1%	20.6%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	1,514	5.0%	7.9%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	9,972	32.9%	28.3%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	10,168	48.9%	47.8%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$20.23	\$19.01	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$41,199	\$42,602	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	6,140	7.8%	8.3%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	458	297.6	285.2	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	409	29.1	38.2	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	3	0.2	0.5	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	44	6.3	7	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	811	48.3%	50.4%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	192	3.0%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

MAINE KIDS COUNT 2013 35



# **Piscataquis**

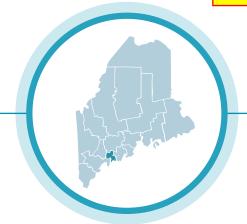
VEV.

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality

n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	17,535	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	767	4.4%	4.8%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	2,598	14.8%	15.0%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	10,606	60.5%	62.9%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	3,564	20.3%	17.4%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		48.1	42.1		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	2,128 634 1,494	59.3% 67.2% 56.4%	58.9% 69.7% 55.0%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	140	85.4%	80.5%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	10	6.1%	10.7%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	10	6.1%	13.8%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	I	5.0	3.7	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	†	†	†	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.***	†	†	†	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	6	1.8	1.8	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	926	29.6%	27.3%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	198	5.9%	9.5%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	1,309	38.9%	35.5%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	1,617	59.7%	57.4%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$20.55	\$15.60	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$36,017	\$34,420	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	740	10.1%	10.7%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	54	308.0	182.5	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	55	32.4	24.8	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	2	1.2	1.2	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	†	†	†	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	98	59.0%	50.0%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	16	3.1%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



# Sagadahoc

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	35,293	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	1,912	5.4%	5.9%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	5,510	15.6%	17.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	22,083	62.6%	63.4%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	5,788	16.4%	13.6%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		44.1	38.0		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	3,215 1,096 2,119	41.1% 47.7% 38.4%	41.6% 49.4% 38.4%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	380	90.3%	89.1%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	21	5.0%	5.9%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	25	5.9%	8.6%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	2	5.5	6.5	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	2.5	3.1	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	7.2	8.0	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	5	0.7	1.5	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,236	17.6%	15.3%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	331	4.5%	6.5%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,033	27.4%	24.3%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,214	42.7%	47.0%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$22.78	\$21.12	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$52,187	\$52,071	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	1,260	6.6%	6.8%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	89	252.2	172.8	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	176	50.6	62.7	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	2	0.6	0.0	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	6	2.9	3.4	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	130	31.6%	27.7%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	78	4.7%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%



## Somerset

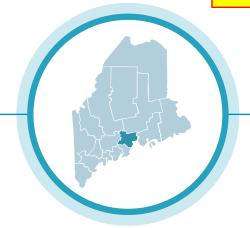
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- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality

n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	52,228	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	2,724	5.2%	5.4%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	8,452	16.2%	16.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	32,515	62.3%	63.3%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	8,537	16.3%	15.2%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		43.6	38.9		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	6,312 1,993 4,319	53.4% 59.6% 50.9%	53.7% 60.2% 51.1%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	437	80.8%	79.0%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	46	8.5%	8.1%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	51	9.4%	10.5%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	4	6.8	6.8	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	2.1	2.1	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.***	3	7.8	7.7	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	85	7.6	6.4	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	2,825	27.0%	25.7%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	801	7.2%	11.8%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	4,791	42.9%	37.3%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	4,705	59.9%	59.1%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$18.47	\$14.69	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$37,339	\$36,249	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	2,420	9.8%	10.6%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	223	427.0	384.9	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	254	46.4	52.4	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	I	0.2	0.0	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	20	7.5	10.3	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	351	62.8%	62.8%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	90	4.0%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

### Embargoed until 10 a.m EST Nov. 21, 2013



### Waldo

KEY:

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	38,786	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	2,072	5.3%	5.3%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	6,075	15.7%	16.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	24,359	62.8%	64.1%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	6,280	16.2%	14.6%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		44.1	39.3		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	4,605 1,493 3,112	53.2% 59.8% 50.5%	54.3% 63.3% 50.6%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	342	87.0%	88.0%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	38	9.7%	6.6%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	35	8.9%	9.1%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.**	3	6.3	5.9	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	3.5	3.5	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	I	5.3	8.4	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	23	2.8	1.7	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,743	22.4%	23.4%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	511	6.3%	9.0%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	3,082	37.8%	33.5%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,778	57.5%	59.2%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$21.54	\$20.48	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$41,888	\$37,986	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	1,690	8.6%	8.6%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	118	304.2	337.8	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	127	32.6	32.1	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	0	0.0	0.3	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	20	10.0	4.0	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	213	47.4%	42.1%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	24	1.9%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%



# Washington

VEV.

- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality

n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	32,856	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	1,674	5.1%	5.3%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	4,890	14.9%	15.1%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	19,866	60.5%	61.4%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	6,426	19.6%	18.2%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		46.1	40.5		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	4,553 1,479 3,074	65.5% 73.0% 62.5%	67.7% 76.5% 64.0%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	257	84.5%	80.3%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	22	7.2%	5.4%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	24	7.9%	7.3%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	I	4.2	4.7	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	2	3.5	3.8	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg **	T	6.2	7.8	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	22	3.4	4.1	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	1,933	31.2%	30.9%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	397	6.0%	9.2%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	2,742	41.8%	37.0%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	2,625	60.0%	59.3%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$21.14	\$18.96	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$33,637	\$32,847	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	1,520	10.7%	10.9%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	110	334.8	310.4	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	54	17.3	25.3	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	1	0.3	1.6	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	10	6.1	11.9	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	184	51.7%	58.4%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	38	3.9%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

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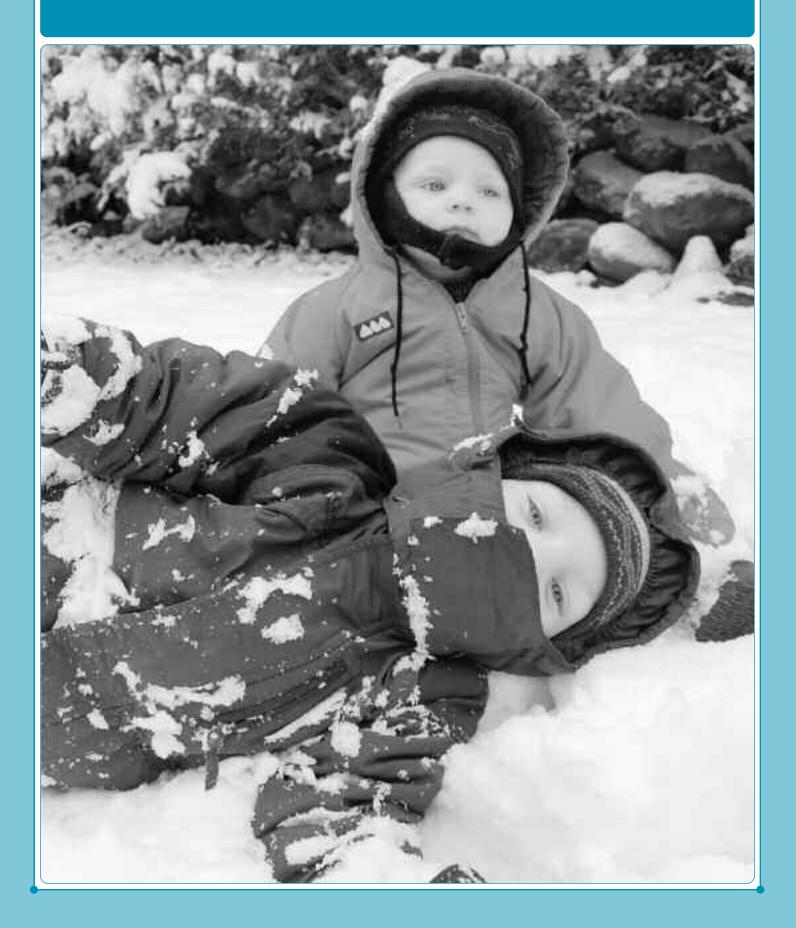
## York

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- \* Rate per 1,000
- \*\* Rate per 10,000
- \*\*\* Rate per 100,000
- † Data has been suppressed to preserve confidentiality
- n/a Not available or not applicable

	COUNTY			STATE		
	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate	Number	Current Rate	Previous Rate
DEMOGRAPHICS						
Total Population - 2010 U.S. Census	197,131	100%	100%	1,328,361	100%	100%
Under 5 years old	10,311	5.2%	5.3%	69,520	5.2%	5.4%
5-17 years old	31,780	16.1%	16.8%	205,013	15.4%	15.8%
18-64 years old	124,687	63.3%	63.6%	842,748	63.4%	64.0%
65 years and over	30,353	15.4%	14.3%	211,080	15.9%	14.8%
Median age		43.0	38.5		42.7	38.6
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH						
Children participating in MaineCare, SFY 2013 Children ages 0-5 in Mainecare Children ages 6-18 in Mainecare	17,468 5,610 11,858	39.1% 45.0% 36.8%	39.3% 46.5% 36.5%	140,606 46,968 93,638	48.0% 55.7% 44.9%	49.3% 58.1% 45.7%
Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester, 2009	1,723	89.7%	88.4%	11,802	87.6%	86.8%
Low birth-weight infants, 2009	117	6.1%	7.0%	852	6.3%	6.7%
Pre-term births, 2009	173	9.0%	9.7%	1,111	8.3%	8.7%
Infant mortality, 2005-2009, annual avg.*	13	6.4	6.3	85	6.1	6.1
Child deaths (ages 1-14), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	5	1.5	1.6	39	1.9	1.9
Teen deaths (ages 15-19), 2003-2007, annual avg.**	10	7.1	6.7	55	6.0	6.0
Children under 18 in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody, Dec. 2012*	258	6.1	5.3	1,654	6.0	4.8
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS						
Children under 18 in poverty, 2011	5,487	13.6%	13.7%	50,579	19.3%	18.2%
Children receiving TANF, December 2012	1,515	3.6%	5.3%	15,293	5.6%	8.7%
Children receiving Food Supplement benefits, Dec. 2012	10,396	24.7%	21.8%	86,908	31.7%	27.6%
School children eligible for subsidized school lunch, 2012-13	8,480	35.7%	37.5%	83,088	45.8%	46.1%
Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of 3, 2010	n/a	\$23.03	\$21.96	n/a	\$21.84	\$20.00
Median household income, 2011	n/a	\$55,725	\$54,076	n/a	\$46,160	\$45,882
Unemployment, 2012	7,370	6.6%	7.0%	51,600	7.3%	7.7%
Domestic assaults reported to police, 2011***	1,137	576.8	502.2	5,360	403.5	385.2
Arrests of children, 2011*	1,072	52.4	65.9	5,455	41.7	49.6
Arrests of children for crimes against persons, 2011*	П	0.5	0.5	73	0.6	0.8
Teen pregnancies (ages 10-17), 2007*	64	5.8	5.2	445	6.7	6.8
EDUCATION AND LEARNING						
Students in Public Preschool, 2012-13	156	7.2%	7.3%	4,769	32.8%	33.1%
Public high school dropouts, 2011-12	229	3.3%	n/a	1,794	3.4%	3.3%

# **Definitions and Sources of Data**



#### **Demographics**

SOURCE: Population estimates for calendar year 2010 were from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 Decenial Census.

#### PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

#### **HEALTH INSURANCE**

Children without health insurance is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-18 who were not covered by any kind of public or private health insurance. These data are averaged over the three-year period from 2009-2011 and 2008-2010.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2010 to 2012 and 2009 to 2011 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

Low-income children without health insurance is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-18 who lived in families with incomes less than twice the federal poverty threshold (< 200% of poverty) and who lacked health insurance. These data are averaged over the three-year period from 2009-2011 and 2008-2010. In 2010, the midpoint of the 3-year average for the current rate, the poverty threshold for a typical family of three was \$17,568. Thus, "low-income" represents income of less than \$35,136 for a family of three (one adult, 2 children).

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2010 to 2012 and 2009 to 2011 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.

Children participating in MaineCare is the number and percent of individual children ages 0-18 participating in MaineCare in state fiscal year (SFY) 2013 (July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2013) and (SFY) 2012 (July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2012). These data are reported by age group and by the child's county of residence at the end of the SFY or the end of the child's participation in the program. Note that the 2013 statewide figure includes 3,864 who were who were out-of-state or whose residence is unknown.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of MaineCare Services.

#### **PHYSICAL HEALTH**

Live births for which prenatal care began in the first trimester is the number and percent of live births for which the mother began receiving prenatal care during the first three months of pregnancy. These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics

Low birth-weight infants is the number and percent of live births in which the newborn weighed less than 2500 grams, (5.5 pounds). These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics; 2009 national rate from Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics Report, Vol. 60, No. 1, "Births: Final Data for 2009." http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr60/nvsr60\_01.pdf

**Pre-term births** is the number and percent of pre-term births in which the newborn was born at less than 37 weeks gestation. These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics; 2009 national rate from Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics Report, Vol. 60, No. 1, "Births: Final Data for 2009." http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr60/nvsr60\_01.pdf

Immunizations of children is the estimated vaccination coverage of children ages 19-35 months with the 4:3:1:4:3:1:4 Series (4 or more doses of DTaP (Diphtheria-Tetanus-Pertussis), 4 or more doses of poliovirus vaccine, and 1 or more doses of any MMR (Measles-Mumps-Rubella) vaccine, 4 doses of Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) vaccine, 3 or more doses of HepB vaccine, 1 or more doses of varicella (Chickenpox) vaccine, and 4 or more doses of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV). These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Immunization Survey, 2011 and 2010. http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/stats-surv/nis/default.htm

Children who received care within a medical home is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-17 who have a medical home as defined by the American Academy of Pediatrics. A medical home is characterized by primary health care that is accessible, continuous, comprehensive, family-centered, coordinated, compassionate, and culturally effective, and is delivered by a trusted physician who is known to the child and family and who manages and facilitates all aspects of pediatric care. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who received developmental and behavioral screening is the estimated number and percent of children ages 10 months to five years who received a standardized screening for behavioral or developmental problems, as reported by parents. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who received preventive dental care is the estimated number and percent of children ages I-I7 who visited a dentist for any routine preventive dental care, including check-ups, screenings, and sealants during the twelve months prior to the survey. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who are overweight is the estimated number and percent of children ages 10-17 who are overweight based on Body Mass Index for age between 85th and 94th percentile overweight. Children's body fatness changes over the years as they grow. And girls and boys differ in their body fatness as they mature. This is why BMI for children, also referred to as BMI-for-age, is gender and age specific . These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who are obese is the estimated number and percent of children ages 10-17 who are obese based on Body Mass Index for age at or above 95th percentile. In children and teens, body mass index is used to assess underweight, overweight, and risk for overweight. Children's body fatness changes over the years as they grow. And girls and boys differ in their body fatness as they mature. This is why BMI for children, also referred to as BMI-for-age, is gender and age specific. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who engaged in vigorous physical activity everyday is the estimated number and percent of children ages 6-17 who exercised, played a sport or participated in physical activity for at least 20 minutes that made them sweat and breathe hard during the week prior to the survey, as reported by parents. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

#### **MORTALITY**

**Infant mortality** is the number and rate of deaths of infants under I year of age. The rate is per I,000 live births. These data are averaged over the five-year period from 2005-2009 and from 2004-2008 and are reported by place of residence, not place of death. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics; National rate from the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT State-Level Data Online website. http://datacenter.kidscount.org/

Child deaths is the number and rate of deaths of children ages I-14 from all causes. The rate is per I0,000 children ages I-14. These data are averaged over the five-year period from 2003-2007 and from 2002-2006 and are reported by the child's place of residence, not the place of death. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics; National rate from the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT State-Level Data Online website. http://datacenter.kidscount.org/

**Teen deaths** is the number and rate of deaths of teens ages 15-19 from all causes. The rate is per 10,000 children ages 15-19. These data are averaged over the five-year period from 2003-2007 and from 2002-2006 and are reported by the child's place of residence, not the place of death. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics; National rate from the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT State-Level Data Online website. http://datacenter.kidscount.org/

#### **MENTAL HEALTH**

Children who experienced two or more adverse experiences is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-17 whose parents report that their child experienced two or more of the following adverse experiences: socioeconomic hardship, divorce/separation of parent, death of parent, parent served time in jail, witness to domestic violence, victim of neighborhood violence, lived with someone who was mentally ill or suicidal, lived with someone with alcohol/drug problem, treated or judged unfairly due to race/ethnicity. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children with emotional, developmental, or behavioral problems for which they need treatment or counseling is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-17 whose parents report that their child has emotional, developmental, or behavioral problems for which they needed treatment or counseling (remedies, therapies, or guidance). These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2007 and 2003. Note: Data for this indicator were not available for 2011 at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who have been told by a doctor that they have ADD or ADHD, depression or anxiety, and/or behavior or conduct problems is the estimated number and percent of children ages 2-17 whose parents have been told by a doctor or other health professional that their child has

have been told by a doctor or other health professional that their child has Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD) or Attention Deficit Hyperactivity (ADHD), depression or anxiety, and/or behavior or conduct problems. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children whose parents have at least one concern about their child's learning, development, or behavior is the estimated number and percent of children ages 0-5 whose parents have at least one concern about their child's learning, development, or behavior. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative (2005). National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Children who did not receive needed mental health services is the estimated number and percent of children ages 2-17 who needed but did not get mental healthcare or counseling services. These data are from the National Survey of Children's Health 2011 and 2007.

SOURCE: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. National Survey of Children's Health. Data Resource Center on Child and Adolescent Health website. http://childhealthdata.org/

Outpatient hospital visits for mental health or substance abuse diagnoses is the number and rate of outpatient hospital visits of children ages 0-19 with a principal diagnosis of mental disease/disorder, alcohol/drug use or alcohol/drug-induced organic mental disorders. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 0-19. These data represent calendar years 2011 and 2010 (January-December) and count hospital visits, not individual children. SOURCE: Maine Health Data Organization.

Outpatient hospital visits for attempted suicide is the number and rate of outpatient hospital visits of children ages 10-19 with a principal diagnosis of an injury and an E Code categorizing the cause of injury as suicide/self-inflicted (E950-E959). The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-19. These data represent calendar years 2011 and 2010 (January-December) and count hospital visits, not individual children.

SOURCE: Maine Health Data Organization.

Child and teen suicides is the suicide rate of children and teens ages 10-19. These data represent rolling five-year averages from 2000-2004 through 2006-2010. The rate is per 100,000 children ages 10-19. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available from Maine's Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics (DRVS), so the source for teen suicides has changed from prior KIDS COUNT Data Books.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, Underlying Cause of Death on CDC WONDER Online Database. http://wonder.cdc.gov/cmf-icd10.html

#### **CHILD WELFARE**

Children in Department of Health and Human Services care or custody is the number and rate of children ages 0-17 in the care or custody of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) in December 2012 and December 2011. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 0-17. These children were ordered into DHHS custody as a result of a child protection hearing where the child is found to be in jeopardy, a juvenile hearing where it would be contrary to the child's health and welfare to

remain in the care or custody of the parents, or a divorce and/or custody hearing where neither parent has been found able to provide a home in the best interest of the child.

Definitions of Child Welfare Placement Types:

ADOPTIVE CARE: Care that occurs with a foster family that is in process of adopting the child.

CONGREGATE CARE: Care that occurs in a homeless shelter, emergency facility, or children's residential facility.

FOSTER CARE: Parental care and supervision which is provided within a family setting in a private dwelling on a regular, 24-hour a day basis by qualified foster parent(s). The foster parents hold a license as a family foster home for children required by state law.

KINSHIP CARE: Family foster care provided to children in the care or custody of DHHS who are related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the caretakers. Kinship care is a preferred placement.

THERAPEUTIC CARE: Family foster care that utilizes the foster home setting and the foster parents as primary agents in improving the behavioral and emotional functioning of foster children.

TRIAL HOME: Children are placed back with the birth parents for a "trial reunification".

UNLICENSED CARE: A placement that occurs when (a.) a relative is identified and immediate placement is recommended, (b.) when a child places himself in an unlicensed home and that placement is being considered, or (c.) a previous relationship exists between a child and an unlicensed family with indications that it would be in the child's best interest to be placed in that home.

OTHER CARE: Care not covered in the above descriptions, including semiindependent living, professional parent model, and intermediate care facility.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services. Division of Child Welfare Services.

Substantiated child abuse and neglect victims is the number and rate of individual victims of child abuse and neglect ages 0-17 for whom assessment led to a finding of a threat to a child's health or welfare by physical, mental or emotional injury or impairment, sexual abuse or exploitation, deprivation of essential needs or lack of protection from these by a person responsible for the child (22 MRSA §4002). The rate is per 1,000 children ages 0-17. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services, Division of Child Welfare Services.

Reports alleging child abuse and/or neglect is the number of written or verbal requests for Child Protective Services intervention in a family situation on behalf of a child in order to assess or resolve problems being presented. Cases were screened out when evidence of serious family problems or dysfunction was evident but the situation did not contain an allegation of abuse or neglect. Cases deemed appropriate for referral meet the standards contained in 22 MRSA §4002 as defined under the definition for substantiated child abuse and neglect victims. Of the cases deemed appropriate for referral to services, some are referred to Child Protective Services and others are referred to community agencies that contract with the Department of Health and Human Services to provide services to families. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services, Division of Child Welfare Services.

Case assessments completed by Child Protective Services is the number of case assessments completed during 2012and 2011 of those cases referred to Child Protective Services. The results of case assessments are cases with findings of maltreatment or cases without findings of maltreatment. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services, Division of Child Welfare Services.

#### **ADOLESCENT HEALTH AND SAFETY**

Adolescents served in the Maine family planning system is the number and rate of adolescents ages 15-19 served in the Maine family planning system during state fiscal year (SFY) 2013 (July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2013) and during SFY 2012 (July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2012). The rate is per 1,000 children ages 15-19. These data are also reported by number and by rate for gender. SOURCE: Family Planning Association of Maine. Region 1 Title X Data System.

Young adults living with HIV/AIDS is the number and rate of reported cases of youth ages 18-24 living with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS). The rate is per 1,000 young adults ages 18-24. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV, STD and Viral Hepatitis Program.

Chlamydia cases is the number and rate of reported cases of Chlamydia among children and adolescents ages 10-19. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-19. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention, HIV, STD and Viral Hepatitis Program.

**Gonorrhea cases** is the number and rate of reported cases of gonorrhea among children and adolescents ages 10-19. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-19. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health, HIV, STD and Viral Hepatitis Program

Children and adolescents using services of licensed alcohol and drug abuse treatment providers is the unduplicated number and rate of children ages 10-19 using services of Maine alcohol and drug abuse treatment providers. These data include children whose primary problem is substance abuse, affected others (such as children of parents with substance abuse problems requiring therapy), and evaluation only. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-19. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Substance Abuse, Treatment Data System (TDS).

Children in motor vehicle crashes with personal injury is the number and percent of children ages 0-19 injured in a motor vehicle crash where a young person was involved. Children in motor vehicle crashes include young drivers, vehicle passengers, and pedestrians or bicyclists. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Transportation, Safety Office.

OUI Arrests, License Suspensions and Convictions is the number and rate of arrests, license suspensions, and convictions of drivers under age 20 for Operating Under the Influence. License suspensions represent administrative suspensions issued by the Bureau of Motor Vehicles and suspensions issued by the courts. Convictions represent drivers convicted for Operating Under the Influence. The rate is per 1,000 drivers under age 20. Arrest, suspension and conviction data represent years 2012 and 2010. SOURCE: Department of the Secretary of State, Bureau of Motor Vehicles. http://www.state.me.us/sos/bmv

**Leading Cause of Death** is the number and rate for leading causes of death of adolescents ages 15-19. Due to a change in CDC reporting, these data no longer include a breakout by number of unintentional injury deaths by cause of injury or all other deaths. These data represent calendar year 2010.

SOURCE: Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, WISQARS (Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System). http://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/index.html Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System data is selected results from the Maine and National Youth Risk Behavior Surveys. Youth Risk Behavior Surveys monitor priority health-risk behaviors that contribute to the leading causes of death, injury, illness, and social problems among youth at the state and national levels.

SOURCE: 2011 and 2009 Maine and national rates from the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System – Centers for Disease Control. http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/yrbs/index.htm

#### SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATUS

#### **INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT**

Children under age 18 in poverty is the estimated number and percent of children under age 18 living in poverty. In 2011, which represents the current rate, the poverty threshold for a typical family of three was \$18,123. These data represent calendar years. Notes: 2004 and previous SAIPE estimates are not directly comparable to 2005-2011 SAIPE estimates because the data used to model the estimates have changed

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/

Children under age 5 in poverty is the estimated number and percent of children under age 5 living in poverty. In 2011, which represents the current rate, the poverty threshold for a typical family of three was \$18,123. These data represent calendar years. Notes: 2004 and previous SAIPE estimates are not directly comparable to 2005-2011 SAIPE estimates because the data used to model the estimates have changed.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/

Children in low income households where housing costs exceed 30 percent of income is the estimated number and percent of children living in low income households where more than 30 percent of the monthly income was spent on rent, mortgage payments, taxes, insurance, and/or related expenses. The 30 percent threshold for housing costs is based on research on affordable housing by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban development (HUD). According to HUD, households that must allocate more than 30 percent of their income to housing expenses, are less likely to have enough resources for food, clothing, medical care or other needs. These data represent 2011 and 2010.

Source: Annie E. Casey Foundation, KIDS COUNT Data Center http://datacenter.kidscount.org

Homeless children under age 18 is the estimated number and percent of children under age 18 who were counted in the Maine State Housing Authority's Annual Point in Time Surveys in January 2013, which represents the current figures, and January 2012, the previous rate.

 ${\sf SOURCE: Maine\ State\ Housing\ Authority\ Annual\ Point\ in\ Time\ Survey-Statewide.}$ 

Children in low income families is the estimated number and percent of children under age 18 who live in families with incomes less than twice the federal poverty threshold (<200% of poverty). In 2012, which represents the current rate, the poverty threshold for a typical family of three was \$18,498.Thus, "low-income" represents income of less than \$36,996 for a family of three.These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Annie E. Casey Foundation's, KIDS COUNT Data Center: http://datacenter.kidscount.org

Median income of families with children is the estimated median annual income for families with related children under age 18 living in the household. "Related children" include the householder's (head of household) children by birth, marriage, or adoption; as well as other persons under age

18 (such as nieces and nephews) who are related to the householder and living in the household. The median income is the dollar amount that divides the income distribution into two equal groups — half with income above the median and half with income below it. These data represent 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Population Reference Bureau, analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011 and 2010. http://datacenter.kidscount.org

Median household income is the estimated median household income. These estimates are modeled from combined census estimates, the 2011 American Community Survey, and other administrative and economic data. The median income is the dollar amount that divides the income distribution into two equal groups — half with income above the median and half with income below it. These data represent calendar year 2011 and 2010. Note: 2005-2011 SAIPE estimates are not comparable to 2004 and previous SAIPE estimates because the data used to model the estimates has changed. SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, 2011 and 2010. http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/

Estimated livable wage for a single-parent family of three is the estimated hourly wage required to meet basic expenses for a single-parent, three-person family. A livable wage is calculated by dividing the total expenses in a basic needs budget by the number of hours that make up a year of full-time work. These data represent calendar years 2010 and 2008. SOURCE: Maine Department of Labor, Center for Workforce Research and Information, Livable Wage Estimates, 2010 http://www.maine.gov/labor/cwri/pubs.html

**Unemployment** is the estimated annual monthly average number and percent of people in the civilian labor force who are unemployed. The unemployment rate is calculated by dividing the average number of unemployed people by the average number of people in the civilian labor force. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, Division of Labor Market Information Services, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program (LAUS). Civilian Labor Force Estimates for Maine and Maine Counties, By Month and Annual Average, 2012 and 2011. Available at http://www.state.me.us/labor/

#### CRIME

Arrests of children is the number and rate of children ages 10-17 arrested during calendar years 2011 and 2010. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-17. The annual arrest data count all arrests of youth for offenses, including repeated offenses by the same individual.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Public Safety, Crime in Maine Reports. http://www.state.me.us/dps/cim/crime\_in\_maine/cim.htm

Arrests of children for crimes against persons is the number and rate of arrests of children ages 10-17 for crimes against persons. The rate is per 1,000 children ages 10-17. Crimes against persons include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault (does not include other assaults). The annual arrest data count all arrests of youth for crimes against persons, including repeated offenses by the same individual. These data represent calendar years 2011 and 2010.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Public Safety, Crime in Maine Reports. http://www.state.me.us/dps/cim/crime\_in\_maine/cim.htm

Domestic assaults reported to police is the number and rate of assaults reported to police that were perpetrated by family or household members including couples who are married or living together in a romantic relationship, who are the natural parents of the same child or other adult family members related by blood or marriage. The rate is per 100,000 of the population. These are not unduplicated counts and may include numerous assaults affecting the same individuals. These data represent calendar years 2011 and 2010.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Public Safety, Crime in Maine Reports. http://www.state.me.us/dps/cim/crime\_in\_maine/cim.htm

#### **TEEN PREGNANCY**

Births to single teenaged mothers is the number of births to single teenaged mothers under age 20. These data are also reported as a percent of live births. Births are reported by the mother's place of residence at the time of birth. These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. Note: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics.

**Births to married teenaged mothers** is the number of births to married teenaged mothers under age 20. These data are also reported as a percent of live births. Births are reported by the mother's place of residence at the time of birth. These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. Note: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics.

Repeat teen pregnancies is the number of females under age 20 who became pregnant and who had already been pregnant at least once before in their lives. These data are also reported as a percent of teen pregnancies. These data represent calendar years 2009 and 2008. Note: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics.

Births to single teens who have not completed 12 years of school is the number and rate of births to single teens ages 10-19 who have not completed 12 years of school. The rate is per 1,000 females ages 10-19. These data are averaged over the five-year period from 2003-2007 and from 2002-2006, and are reported by the mother's place of residence at the time of birth. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics.

Teen pregnancies is the number and rate of all reported live births, induced abortions, and fetal deaths occurring to females ages 10-17. The rate is per 1,000 females ages 10-17. These data represent calendar years 2007 and 2006. NOTE: More recent state-level data were not available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Data, Research and Vital Statistics.

#### **INCOME SUPPORTS**

Children receiving TANF is the number and percent of children ages 0-17 who were receiving Temporary Aid to Needy Families in December 2012 and December 2011. Note: 2012 state number and percent include 7 children whose county is unknown; 2011 state number and percent include 8 children whose county is unknown.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Human Services, Office of Family Independence. http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/reports/reports.html

Children receiving SNAP Benefits is the number and percent of children ages 0-17 who were receiving SNAP benefits (formerly Food Stamps) in December 2012 and December 2011. Note: 2012 state number and percent include 92 children whose county is unknown, who are not Maine residents, who are not in state, or who have no data; 2011 number and percent include 16 children in these same categories.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Family Independence http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/reports/reports.html

School children eligible for subsidized school lunch is the number and percent of school children eligible to receive subsidized school lunch through the National School Lunch Program, which is a meal entitlement plan primarily funded through federal dollars. All elementary and junior high schools are required to participate in the program. In Maine, high schools have the option of participating. School children are eligible for free school lunches if their family income does not exceed 130% of the federal poverty level. They are eligible for reduced price school lunches if their family income falls between 130% and 185% of the federal poverty level. These data represent the 2012-13 and 2011-12 school years.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Education, School Nutrition Program. http://www.maine.gov/education/sfs/reports\_tab.html

Recipients of WIC benefits is the number of individuals receiving WIC (Women's, Infant's and Children's Supplemental Nutrition Program) benefits. WIC provides specific nutritious foods and nutrition education to low-income pregnant and breastfeeding women, infants, and children up to age five. Recipients must be at or below 185% of poverty and be at medical or nutritional risk. These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, WIC Program.

Child support enforcement cases with collection is the number of cases for which the state child support enforcement agency successfully collected child support payments due in federal fiscal year (FFY) 2011 (October I, 2010-September 30, 2011) and FFY 2010 (October I, 2009-September 30, 2010). These data are also presented as a percent of the total number of cases with collection on the agency's caseload during FFY 2011 and 2010. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Support Enforcement defines a child support case as a parent (mother, father, or putative father) who is now or eventually may be obligated under law for the support of a child or children receiving services under the child support programs, Title IV-D of the Social Security Act.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Support Enforcement. Child Support Enforcement

Children served through TANF child care subsidies is the number of children served through ASPIRE and TANF Transitional child care during federal fiscal year (FFY) 2012 (October 1, 2011 – September 30, 2012) and FFY 2011 (October 1, 2010 – September 30, 2011). These data are also reported as a percent of the total number of children served through child care subsidies for each type of child care subsidy. Children up to age 12 are eligible for subsidized child care if their parents are working or in education training, and have incomes at or below 85% of the state median income.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Family Independence

Children served through CCDF child care subsidies is the number of children served through CCDF slots and vouchers during federal fiscal year (FFY) 2012 (October 1, 2011 – September 30, 2012) and FFY 2011 (October 1, 2010 – September 30, 2011). These data are also reported as a percent of the total number of children served through child care subsidies for each type of child care subsidy. Children up to age 12 are eligible for subsidized child care if their parents are working or in education training, and have incomes at or below 85% of the state median income. SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care and Head Start

#### **EDUCATION AND LEARNING**

#### EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

**Licensed child care providers** is the number of licensed child care homes and child care centers in July 2013 and July 2012. These data are also reported as a percent of the total number of licensed child care providers for each type of licensed child care.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care and Head Start.

Licensed child care providers in Step 4 of the Quality Rating System (QRS) is the number of licensed child care homes and child care centers that met the highest standard in Maine's early care and education quality rating system, Quality for ME in July 2013 and July 2012. These data are also reported as a percent of the total number of licensed providers.

SOURCE: Maine Quality Rating System (QRS), http://www.qualityforme.org/QRS\_Enrollment/state.aspx

Head Start Program is the number of state and federally-funded children in Head Start programs throughout the state during federal fiscal year (FFY) 2012 (October I, 2011 – September 30, 2012) and FFY 2011 (October I, 2010 – September 30, 2011). Eligible children were estimated as the number of children under age 5 in poverty. Unmet need was calculated by subtracting the number of funded children from the estimate of eligible children.

SOURCE: Head Start data: Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care and Head Start, Program Information Report. Children under age 5 in poverty: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/

Children enrolled in Maine public preschool programs is the number and percentage of four year old children enrolled in a public preschool program offered through a school administrative unit during the 2012-13 and 2011-12 school years. Children must be four years of age by October 15 of the entering school year in order to be eligible for a public preschool program. SOURCE: Maine Department of Education, Four Year Old Program

#### **READING SKILLS**

4th & 8th grade students scoring at or above the reading proficiency level is the percentage of 4th grade & 8th grade students who met or exceeded the proficient level on the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) 4th reading test in 2011 and 2009.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).

#### LANGUAGE MINORITY STUDENTS

Children who are English Language Learners is the number and percent of children attending public schools who are receiving English as a second language services or bilingual educational services. These data represent the 2012-13 school year. Previous year data were not available

SOURCE: Maine Department of Education, Data Warehouse

#### **DROPOUTS**

High school dropouts is the number and percent of students who have withdrawn or been expelled from high school before graduation or completion of a program of studies and who have not enrolled in another educational institution or program. The individual was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year and was not enrolled on October I of the current school year, or was not enrolled on October I of

the previous school year although expected to be in membership (i.e., was not reported as a dropout the year before). This calculation is referred to as an "event" dropout rate. Data represent the 2011-12 and 2010-11 school year for public schools and private schools with 60% or more publicly-funded students. Data reported by county are for public schools only. SOURCE: Maine Department of Education

#### **GRADUATES**

Public high school graduation, Class of 2012 is the number and percent of students who entered ninth grade for the first time in the fall of 2008 and received a "regular" diploma in 2012. For this calculation the denominator contains the cohort of all first time ninth graders from four years earlier plus all transfers into this cohort minus all transfers out (e.g. death, moving to another Maine school). The numerator contained only "regular" diploma recipients from the four year cohort. "Regular" diplomas include diplomas received by SWD students granted five/six years by their IEP, and Limited English Proficient (LEP) students granted five/six years as part of their documented Personal Learning Plans. In both of these cases the students met the requirements of the Maine Learning Results. These five/six year "regular" diploma recipients are tabulated separately allowing them to be extracted in order to produce a four-year cohort graduation rate. This approach satisfies both the NGA and NCLB graduation requirements while aligning with Maine's practice of allowing SWD and LEP students more than four years to meet Maine's "regular" diploma standards. The data represent public school graduates only. NOTE: County-level data were note available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Education

#### **DISCONNECTED YOUTH**

Teens not attending school and not working is the estimated number and percent of teens ages 16-19 who are not enrolled in school (full- or part-time) and not employed (full- or part-time). These data represent calendar years 2012 and 2011.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Surveys, 2012 and 2011, TABLE: B14005

#### **YOUNG ADULTS**

Young adults enrolled in or completed college is the number and percent of young adults ages 18 to 24 enrolled in college or who have completed college. These data represent 2011 and 2010.

SOURCE: Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT Data Center: http://datacenter.kidscount.org

High school graduates ages 25 to 29 who have completed a bachelor's degree or higher is the number and percent of young adults ages 25 to 29 with a bachelor's degree or higher. These data represent 2011 and 2010. SOURCE: Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT Data Center: http://datacenter.kidscount.org

#### STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Students with disabilities is the number and percent of students enrolled in schools and individual education programs who are ages 3-21 and who have disabilities requiring the provision of special education services during the 2011-12 school year. The count is taken as of December 1 of the school year and reflects special education enrollment on that one date. The child count is completed by school administrative units, approved state operated/state supported schools, and Child Development Services sites. The percent of students receiving special education services is calculated by dividing the number of special education students by the number of regular education students enrolled in pre-kindergarten through grade 12 counted on October 1. NOTE: County-level data were note available at the time of publication.

SOURCE: Maine Department of Education, Office of Special Services.

# **Acknowledgements**

The publication of the annual KIDS COUNT data book would not be possible without the cooperation of the state and non-state agencies that track the data highlighted in this report.

We would like to thank the following staff and their agencies for sharing these important data with the Maine KIDS COUNT project this year.

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